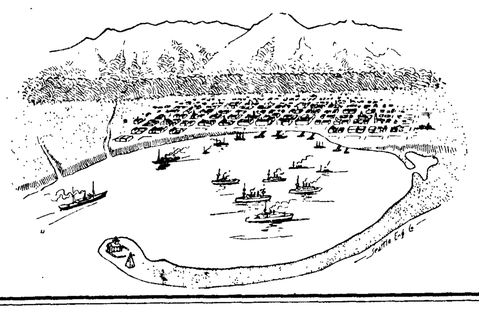
OLYMPIC  LEADER

VOL. 21. NO. 3. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON. FRIDAY. JANUARY 17 1908 PRICE 5 CTS

WILL IMPROVE TUMWATER STREET

WORK TO COMMENCE AT ONCE

Estimated Cost of Entire Improvement Four Thousand Dollars. C. S. Stakemiller Represents First Ward.

The city council has decided that work shall be commenced at once on the new road up Tumwater hill. The plan, adopted upon recommendation of the committee of the whole, provides for the improvement of that portion of Tumwater street between 2nd and 4th, subscriptions being worked out between 3rd and 4th, and bids called for the construction of trestle work, bids for piling and capping, and for planking, to be separate, according to plans and specifications of city engineer; work to be commenced at once. The work of removing the earth was referred to street committee with power to commence action.

The city engineer's estimate on proposed street from 2nd to 5th and A is as follows:

Trestlework at 2nd and Tumwater to south side of 3rd, $1,580.

Excavation on Tumwater between 3rd and 4th, 2142 cubic yards at 40c, $857.

Excavation on Tumwater between 4th and 5th, 2482 cubic yards; on 5th between Tumwater and A, 4164 yards, or 6646 yards at 25c, $1,661.-70. Total cost $4098.70.

The council elected C. S. Stakemiller as councilman from the First Ward.

Mayor Seevers then appointed the standing committees:

Street—Grubb, Brumfield.
F., L. & W.—Payne, Polhamus.
Ordinance—Hallahan, Stakemiller.
ElectricLight—Hallahan, Brumfield.
Franchise—Grubb, Payne.
Cemetery—Harding, Hallahan.
Finance—Brumfield, Payne.
Fire W.—Polhamus, Grubb.
Health—Stakemiller, Harding.

The application of S. P. Carusi for police justice was ordered filed.

An ordinance was read for the first time repealing the franchises granted to P. A. & Olympia and P. A. & Peninsular Ry. Co.s and declaring all rights forfeited.

Bond of City Marshal Wm. Smith was approved.

Do not ask for credit as you will be refused. R. A. Muskett.

PROSPECTS GOOD FOR SPLENDID FRUIT CROP

The prospects for a good crop of fruit this year are said to be excellent. Apples and cherries are exceptionally well set with buds and plums are also making a good showing. Everyone who has trees should go to work at once and clean up their orchards by removing all injured, diseased and superfluous branches and thin out the top so the fruit can ripen and color up. We can grow as fine fruit in Clallam county as can be grown in the state if we will only give the trees the same care they get where people make a business of raising fruit for the market. Choice apples are now worth from two to three dollars a box, but you can't grow three dollar apples on a brush pile. Prune your trees properly, spade the sod up around them and give them about a wheelbarrow full of manure each and watch results and you will find it a good investment.

RESIDENT OF OZETTE BOUND OVER TO COURT

Alvin Adams of Ozette is at the county jail awaiting trial for threatening Andrew Nyland of Ozette with a gun. He had a hearing Saturday before Justice Leake at Ozette and was bound over to the Superior Court. It is alleged that Adams drew a gun and threatened Nyland on his own land; on the other hand Adams claims he did not have a gun with him and that he was the party assaulted; that being new in the country he appeared at the Nyland premises and asked directions; and upon being questioned and his identity becoming known, he was assaulted and nearly scared out of his life. Adams is 20 years of age and has been a resident of Ozette two months.

L. O. T. M. OFFICERS.

The order of L. O. T. M. installed the following officers on Tuesday night, Jan. 14:

Mrs. Marie Marquardt, Past Com.
Mrs. Eva L. Hopkins, Com.
Mrs. Grace Fisher, Lieut. Com.
Mrs. Lillie D. Willson, Record Keeper.
Miss Lucretia Peddicord, Finance Auditor.
Mrs. Susan Phelps, Chaplain.
Mrs. Lillie Myers, Mistress at Arms.
Mrs. Margaret Porter, Sergeant.
Mrs. Zella Polhamus, Sentinel.
Miss Katherine Brant, Picket.

SCENIC

SUMMER HOMES

ON

LAKE CRESCENT

I have on sale TWO ADDITIONS on the shore of LAKE CRESCENT

The most picturesque SPOT on the LAKE

Size of Lots 100 X 275 Feet and Size of some lots are 100 X 600 Feet

PRICES: $50 to $250

1-3 Cash, balance in 6 to 12 months at 7% interest. Prices will Treble within the year.

LEWIS LEVY

REAL ESTATE BROKER

Cor. Front & Laurel Sts., Port Angeles, Wn.

Reference Bank of Clallam County, Port Angeles.

PARTIAL CRUISE PAID KING $50,000

WAS AN OFF YEAR FOR TIMBER

Clallam County Timber Considered an Integral and Immovable Part of the Land on which it Stands.

PORT ANGELES, JAN. 9th.

Editor Olympic-Leader:

It occurred to me, when reading President Parish's address to the State Assessors Convention this week, that there was one paragraph of more than ordinary interest—one paragraph which every tax payer should read, for in a question so vital as this of assessments, it is desirable that every voter should be posted upon the work done in other counties.

As I said before, the remedy is plain, the law is definite, but to get men to carry out the intent of the law and the wishes of the people in the face of active opposition from timber owners is not so easy a matter. The neatness with which the issue was sidetracked last year is even yet a surprise. The flimsiness of the pretext then and since offered us may be taken as an indication of their estimate of our gullibility, and most any old excuse may be looked for in the future. Public sentiment must not be allowed to die out; on the contrary it must be strengthened until no man with the least sense of honor will dare disregard it. It is with this fact in mind, that I ask for space for another letter.

Mr. Parish, in telling of the results obtained in King county, lays particular stress upon the increase of three million dollars in assessed valuations of timber, and the increase of ninety thousand dollars in tax collections, with an expense of only thirty-eight thousand for cruising. It certainly was a good stroke of business; no wonder he is proud of it; no wonder he urges the commissioners of every county to authorize a cruise.

Mr. Parish also tells us, and herein lies the point that seems so important to me, that this three million raise was made on less than two-thirds the timber. In King county, then, it wasn't necessary to complete the cruise before raising valuations. King county officials, knowing a portion of the timber to be underassessed, raised that particular portion and let the rest go at the old rate until that, too, could be cruised.

What a difference between their action and that of the officials of this county. Here, we are told of one or two claims which the commissioners personally knew to be assessed too high, and that all timber valuations could not be raised without doing an injustice in many cases. In King, the commissioners immediately authorized a cruise, the assessor got busy, and the increase in taxes for the first year in the land cruised paid the bills and left a surplus of fifty thousand dollars.

Here, we are told many townships already average fifteen to seventeen dollars an acre (when the records show the highest average to be under ten dollars)—there they put values up till the holdings of the big companies averaged better than fifty dollars an acre.

Here, they couldn't raise timber because ranches and town lots are too low (and they quote figures till you're dizzy) — there, they raised values on a part of the timber and let the rest stand at the old rate till another year.

Here, the board had maps, furnished by the timber men, giving comparative values. They had in the court house records of transfers and of county land sales, available as evidence of the value of hundreds of acres, if not of thousands. They had seen some of the big timber of the county, and every man who has seen it cannot but marvel at the stupidity of assessing it at ten to fifteen dollars an acre. They had, it is said, even seen the timber of Indian creek valley, which was assessed at about four dollars an acre. In other words, they had at hand the approximate value of considerable areas of timber, but couldn't raise any without raising all. It was different in King county.

The board raised the assessments on a goodly portion of the stocks of merchandise in the county. Why? Because they knew they were too low. There may also have been others too low, but of those they did not have actual knowledge. In this county, what's good for the merchants is not good for the timber owners—in King county it is.

Somebody has got to pay for roads and bridges and schools; somebody

Continued on page 8.

ANGELES SCHOOL NOTES

Interesting Items on School Work Edited by the Senior Class.

From the different schools throughout the county, forty pupils or more are taking the Eighth Grade State examination, held in the Central School this week.

A teachers' meeting was held in the Superintendent's office Friday, Jan. 17th at 4 p. m. The following subjects were discussed:

1. Moral instruction in the public schools, I. L. Ullery.
2. The proper use of drill in school work, and how it may be abused, Miss Patrick.
3. Dramatization as a method, Miss Trumbull.
4. Corporal punishment, Miss Post and Miss Taylor.

Arrangements for a public program to be given by all the schools of the city the latter part of February, were discussed and committees appointed to make the necessary preparations.

There is some talk of a basket ball game between the girls of the Makeagoal Club and those of the Basket Ball team at Seguin. Our girls are quite anxious for this game, as it will be the first time they will have played against an outside team.

Examinations covering the work of the first semester will be given in the grades and high school during the week ending January 31st.

Miss Patrick has been sick during the past week, Miss Ball and Mr. Geisness taking turns in teaching during her absence.

The Junior and Senior English classes are reading Shakespeare's "As You Like It." More plays and works of different authors are being read this year than ever before, making the work in English both interesting and instructive.

NEW BAND ORGANIZED WITH FOURTEEN MEMBERS

The following officers were elected and instruments assigned at the organization of the Port Angeles Concert Band, Monday evening:

Leader and business manager, Lew Thompson; secretary, Frank Tyrrell; treasurer, E. J. Nailor; librarian, Herbert Wood.

Lew Thompson, solo cornet; Gerald Sullivan, solo cornet; Walter Patterson, first cornet; Frank Tyrrell, clarionet; Roy Wood, piccolo; Art Tyrrell, solo alto saxophone; Chas. George, alto; Herbert Wood, first tenor; E. J. Nailor, second tenor; Wm. VanBrunt, baritone; L. H. Kempton, EB helicon; T. Boyd, EB base, Oscar Graham, snare drum; C. Gehrke, bass drum.

The band boys are hard at work and expect to be in first class shape in a very short time under the instruction of Mr. Thompson.

CEDAR LODGE INSTALLATION

Public installation of officers was held Tuesday evening at Haning Hall by Cedar Lodge No. 30. Mrs. Nellie McIvor, Past Chief of Honor, in a pleasing and efficient manner installed the following officers:

Past Chief of Honor—Mrs. Sarah Silverwood.
Chief of Honor—Mrs. Alice Gehrke.
Lady of Honor—Mrs. Sarah Cowan
Chief of Ceremonies—Miss Maud Hoare.
Recorder—Mrs. Libby Dore.
Financier—Mrs. Grace Dilling.
Receiver—Josie Phelps.
Usher—Mrs. Mollie Phelps.
Inside Watch—Grace Anderson.
Outside Watch—Miss Mary Fitzgerald.

After installation, the committee in charge served a delicious lunch which the A. O. U. W., with their families and many invited friends, both old and young, participated, after which the place was cleared and the evening's pleasures were finished in dancing and conversation. Everyone enjoyed themselves, hoping to meet with Cedar No. 30 again.

One Who Was There.

The best quality Fleece-lined Unwear one dollar a suit.

Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

THE JOY

of living is to have good health. Use Herbine and you will have bushels of joy. You need not be blue, fretful and have that bad taste in your mouth. Try a bottle of Herbine, a positive cure for all liver complaints, E. Harrell, Austin, Texas, writes: "I have used Herbine for over a year, and find it a fine regulator. I gladly recommend it as a fine medicine for Dyspepsia."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store

WORK FOR STREET IMPROVEMENT

CLUB MEETS MONDAY EVENING

Object of the Club to Work for Upbuilding of Both City and County. Col. W. H. Peter is President for 1908.

At the meeting of the Commercial Club held Tuesday evening, the 14th, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Commercial Club at its next meeting consider the advisability of requesting the City Council to establish Assessment Districts for the purpose of improving all streets from 8th street north and between Chambers and E streets wherever desirable.

Resolved, That W. H. Peter, E. B. Webster and A. A. Smith be a committee to promote the interests of the Club by increasing the membership throughout the city and county.

Resolved, That the regular meetings of the Club be held every Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Many there be who do not understand what the Commercial Club is and of whom composed. It is an organization for the benefit of Clallam county—every man in Clallam county should become a member of this club. W. H. Peter is president, Mayor Seevers honorary president, Wm. Ritchie vice-president, J. H. Corson secretary-treasurer and Messrs. Kean, Fathers, Merrill, FitzHenry, and the officers of the Club compose the board of trustees.

The objects of the Club are to work harmoniously and understandingly together for the upbuilding of Port Angeles and Clallam county; to discuss all matters of importance to city and county honestly and fairly and come to some united understanding as to all important matters, such as roads, bridges, streets, sidewalks, assessments, taxes, revenues and outlays, county fairs, harbor privileges, wharves, etc., in order that we may pull all together as one man for the upbuilding of Clallam county — in unity we are strong.

This Club is the promoter of our county fair to be held this fall and the prime mover of the grading of Tumwater hill.

The dues are fifty cents a month; everyone interested in city and county should join, even if only for the purpose of lending their financial aid.

HIRING EASTERN HELP.

The mates and some of the masters of the Sound boats have quit their posts because of the attempt of some of the owners to reduce their wages. The Whatcom put into port Monday with nearly an entire new crew, and considerable difficulty was experienced in landing. The marine engineers also refuse to accept a cut, claiming that the cost of living is such that they cannot live on less, and their places are being filled as rapidly as men from the East can be secured.

New samples now in for spring and summer clothing. Call early and get first choice.

Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

ASSESSORS PLEDGE UNIFORM RETURNS

ALL TIMBER MUST BE CRUISED

Tax Commission Gives Warning Timber Assessments Will Be Raised to Level of Other Counties if Not Done.

The assessors' convention adopted a resolution pledging each member to assess property in his county at 60 per cent of its actual market value. This the assessors consider, says the P.-I., marks a decided step in the direction of reform in taxation and the securing of an equal basis for assessment thruout the state. The actual market value as understood by the assessors is the value estimated by reasonable people in the community in which the property is situated.

An understanding was arrived at between the assessors and the state tax commission by the terms of which every county containing timber will begin a cruise of all standing timber for assessment purposes. To the representatives of the counties the state commission gave warning that if their timber was not cruised their assessments would be raised by the commission to the level of the other counties.

President Parish has called a subconvention to meet at Seattle Feb. 21, at which the general plan and method for making a public cruise will be taken up.

STATE DEMOCRATS ARE PLANNING CAMPAIGN

T. F. Trumbull, secretary of the local Democratic Committee, returned Saturday from attendance at the State gathering of the clans held in Tacoma and Seattle last week, and reports intense enthusiam among the Democrats of the state, some of the best men of the party are taking an early and active interest in the coming contests in county, state and nation. Spokane is making quite a determined fight to secure the coming party convention, as also in Tacoma.

FIRST CARLOAD FOR SPOKANE.

The F. B. Carlisle Co. reports a car load order for Wilgrow this week from Spokane. The demand for Wilgrow put up in 25-lb. bags is also developing, these retailing at $1.75.

The Ennis Creek Nursery offers first class Fruit and Ornamental trees and Shrubbery in all choice varieties at reasonable prices.

T. H. Carter.

CARRIE NATION

certainly smashed a hole in the barrooms of Kansas, but Ballard's Horehound Syrup has smashed all records as a cure for coughs, Bronhitis, Influenza and all Pulmonary diseases. T. C. H—, Horton, Kansas, wrties: "I have never found a medicine that would cure a cough so quickly as Ballard's Horehound Syrup. I have used it for years.

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

THE

STOCK REDUCING SALE

AT

S. J. Lutz & Co.

Is a Splendid Success

A few OVERCOATS left at PRICES you cannot afford to miss

Hats, Shoes, and Everything in tht Store at CUT PRICES

The Place where you get a Square Deal

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles. - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The will of the late Baroness de Rothschild, who died last November, leaves $1,000,000 to charity.

The Chicago school management committee of the board of education has voted to abolish secret societies in Chicago high schools.

The London Times has been sold by the Walter family, in whose hands it has been for three generations. C. Arthur Pearson is the purchaser.

Secretary Taft has written a letter to the president recommending an increase of the width of the Panama canal locks from 100 feet as at present planned to 110 feet.

Two hundred bales of Eugene, Or., hops have just been sold to the agents of Kala Neis, 105 bales from the Dickey Bros.' yard selling for 6¼ cents. The price paid for the Hyland crop of 95 bales has not been given out.

Walter J. Hill, third son of James J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern road board of directors, and Miss Dorothy Barrows, a well known St. Paul society girl, were married at the home of the bride's parents at St. Paul last week.

The state department is informed in a dispatch from Shanghai, China, that the American Presbyterian school property was destroyed as a result of tax riots in Northern Chekiang, but the missionaries are safe. It also states that protection is promised the missionaries.

R. A. Ballinger, commissioner of the general land office, has completed his annual report to the secretary of the interior for submission to congress. He asks an appropriation of $500,000 to carry on the field work of the bureau in the protection of the public lands, an increase of $250,000 over the current appropriation.

The German reichstag is again in session.

President Roosevelt has accepted an invitation to attend the dinner to be given by the Gridiron Club, January 25.

Representative Humphrey has introduced a bill in congress providing for the erection of suitable monuments along the "old Oregon trail."

Effective on January 10, the Nevada-California Power Company, which furnishes light and power to all of the southern Nevada camps, will cut the pay of its employes $1 a day and run on the open shop order.

Senator Knox of Pennsylvania has taken much interest in the litigation growing out of the employers' liability act, which was declared to be unconstitutional, and has introduced a bill which is intended to remedy the defects in the present bill.

A reorganization bill for the navy has been submitted to congress. The bill divides the navy in two parts, one to be under the supervision of the assistant secretary of the navy and the other by a second assistant secretary, who shall be a civilian.

SUIT TO FIX STATUS OF RAILROAD LAND GRANT

Washington, Jan. 11.—Attorney General Bonaparte recently has received a number of letters relating to the status of lands held under railroad and wagon road grants in Oregon which have not been disposed of by the grantees, and asking if the present holders of such lands "have to sell the same to actual settlers only at a rate not exceeding $2.50 an acre." The purpose of the inquiry made is to determine whether persons cannot now acquire the right to purchase such lands, the value of which in most instances is in excess of the price named. The attorney general has made a general reply, as follows:

"Inquiry as to the sale of lands now held by the Southern Pacific railroad under grants from the United States, you are respectfully informed that proceedings will shortly be taken to determine the rights and responsibilities of the railroad company's holding the title to the lands mentioned in your letter. Further than this I am not authorized by the law and the practice of the department to advise you on the project, but recommend that you take no steps involving expense to yourself in connection with this matter, except on the advice of counsel of unblemished reputation and high standing and well known to you."

SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS KANSAS ANTI-LIQUOR LAW

Washington, Jan. 14.—The supreme court of the United States yesterday upheld the anti-liquor law of Kansas by affirming the decisions of the supreme court of that state in a number of cases, including that of Fritz Durien, convicted of violating the law. The decision was announced by the chief justice.

Washington News

North Yakima officials have decided to establish a chain gang.

Seattle's death rate during the past year was 9.26. The percentage is based on a population of 200,000.

Judge Poindexter of Spokane announces that he will leave the bench and seek a nomination for congress.

Representative Wesley L. Jones of Washington has introduced a bill in the house appropriating $4,000,000 for the construction of five submarine boats for the defense of Puget Sound.

A new steel company, composed principally of Pittsburg and Boston capitalists, has been organized to take over the Irondale properties. It is stated that a large steel plant will be erected.

Ground has been broken for the $500,000 White building, the eleven-story structure which is to be erected on the southeast corner of Union street and Fourth avenue, Seattle, on the University tract, by the Metropolitan Building Company.

A large section of land slid from a hillside above Abrahamson's brickyard, on the Duwamish River, near Seattle, crushing buildings and livestock and narrowly missing residences and human beings. The slide affected several acres and piled the highway with 30 feet of earth.

A direct legislation league has been formed at Seattle.

Gov. C. E. Hughes' presidential boom was officially launched at a dollar dinner in New York.

Advices received at Rome are that the Abyssinians are making war on the Italians on the east coast of Africa.

Plans are being made to bring the government exhibit at Jamestown to Seattle for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition.

It is officially announced at Tokio that Baron Takahira has been chosen ambassador to the United States to succeed Vicsount Aoki.

Convicted saloonmen of Spokane will not be given special privileges while serving out their sentences, but will be required to occupy cells the same as the common hobo.

James J. Goddard, John H. McGraw and Watson Allen have been appointed a committee to represent the American mining congress at the convention of Northwestern mining men which will be held in Seattle beginning March 23.

Army officers are touring Puget sound inspecting the various forts in order to report plans for betterment.

A postoffice has been established at Rock Lake, Whitman county, to be supplied from St. John by rural carrier.

STATE DEMOCRATS INDORSE MR. BRYAN

Tacoma, Jan. 11.—Ignoring the action of the warhorses of democracy, who met here and decided that it was not the proper time to announce allegiance to W. J. Bryan, the central committee has indorsed the Nebraskan for president. The state convention to select ten delegates to Denver will be held at Spokane May 18.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT.

Purchasing Prices.

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Grain—Oats, Puget Sound, $23@26.50 per ton; barley, $27 per ton; wheat, chicken feed, $28@29 per ton; Eastern Washington oats, $25@27.50 per ton; corn, $28@29 per ton.

Hay—Eastern Washington timothy, $20 per ton; Puget Sound hay, $16@17 per ton; wheat hay, $15 per ton; alfalfa, $10@14.

Eggs—Select ranch, 33c per doz.

Poultry—Live hens, 14@14½c per lb; small spring chickens, 14½c per lb; turkeys, 18@21c per lb.

Wool—Eastern Washington wool, clean, 14@16c per lb; do dirty, 12@14c per lb; Puget Sound wool, clean, 18@20c per lb; do timber stained, 16@17c per lb; sheep pelts, full wool, $1.40@1.60 each; medium wool, 70@90c each; shearlings, 15@30c each.

Live Stock—Sheep—Wethers, 4¾@5½c per lb; ewes, 4½c per lb; lambs, 5½@6½c per lb. Hogs—6½c per lb. Cattle—Steers, 4@4¾c per lb; cows, 2½@3½c per lb; calves, 4½c per lb.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 83c; bluestem, 85c; red, 81c.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 20@22c; spring chickens, dressed, 16c; hens, dressed, 16c; ducks, dressed, 18c; geese, dressed, 18c. Live turkeys, 16@18c; hens, 13c; springs, 12c; ducks, old, 12c; young, 12c; geese, 11@12c; squabs, live, $2.50@3 dozen; dressed, $3.50 dozen.

Butter—Washington, 36@38c; Oregon, 36c; Eastern, 28@33c.

Eggs—Washington ranch, strictly fresh, 32@33c; Eastern storage, 23@28c.

Oats—$31@32; rolled oats, $32@33.

Hay, Aalfalfa, etc.—Wheat hay, $18@19; timothy, $25@26; mixed, $22@23; wild, $15@20; clover, $20@21; timothy and clover, $22@23; alfalfa, $15@16; straw, $12@13.

Feed—Corn, $33; wheat, $32@33; barley, whole grain, $27@28; rolled, $31@32; shorts, $26@27; bran, $24.50@25.50; middlings, $30@31; oil meal, $44@45.

GROWERS OF WHEAT

LARGE ATTENDANCE OF FARMERS AT ANNUAL MEETING AT PULLMAN.

Dry Farming, Eradication of Weeds, Prevention of Smut, Insect Pests and Other Topics of Interest Discussed—Work of Railroad Commission Outlined by Commissioner Lawrence.

Pullman, Jan. 11.—The third annual wheat growers' convention is breaking all previous records for attendance and interest. The attendance is made up largely of farmers.

The first subject discussed was "The Effect of Twenty Years of Continuous Cropping of Wheat on the Soils of Eastern Washington—What Does It Show?" O. E. Young of Pullman, P. W. Cox of Hay, J. Monroe Martin of Dusty and James Phillips of St. John made interesting and instructive talks. Professor Severance of the college gave an interesting and instructive talk on "dry farming" theories and actual practice, in which he showed that by continuous cultivation it is possible to raise good crops on dry land continuously without summer fallowing. This was discussed at length by several farmers who have had experience in this line.

To Eradicate Weeds.

At the afternoon session President McCroskey of the Wheat Growers' Association read his annual address. Byron Hunter of the department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., gave an address on weed pests and how to kill them, in which he advocated continuous tillage and showed by experience of extensive farmers that this method had not only dispensed with the weed pests, but had yielded enough more grain per acre to much more than pay for the extra cost of labor.

President Bryan gave a brief account of his European trip, which was well received. The president received an ovation when he entered the church. "Insect Pests" was discussed at length and Dr. S. B. Nelson spoke on "Methods of Eradicating the Ground Squirrels," which are such a pest to many localities.

Professor Beatty gave an instructive talk on preventing smut and S. C. Armstrong, secretary of the convention, spoke on advantages of correct methods of growing and marketing grain.

Work of Railroad Commission.

At the evening session Hon. J. C. Lawrence of the state railroad commission told of the benefits of the commission to the wheat growers of the state, and Joseph B. Wing of Chicago spoke on "Wheat Fields, Old and New." Mr. Lawrence said in part:

"The first important work of the commission was directed to ascertaining the value of railway property in the state of Washington. To find such value it was necessary to find out how much money the railroads had actually spent in construction and improvements, as well as the cost of production now, less the depreciation in the use of cars, ties, rails, bridges, etc.

"The method by which this information should be secured required careful study, and several months were spent in perfecting it. No state had secured such values for rate-making purposes.

"In the decision of the courts referred to, it was held that a state, in determining the reasonableness of rates within the state, should not take into consideration the profits from interstat traffic.

State and Interstate Values.

"After a careful consideration the commission determined to divide the value of its use for state and interstate purposes, and to take that valuation representing the use for state purposes as the amount of capital stock on which reasonable returns should be allowed in fixing state rates."

The work done by the commission toward encouraging the early adoption of the bulk method of handling wheat was reviewed.

"It is costing the people of the state $40,000 a year to maintain the railroad commission. This will increase rather than decrease as the work develops and the scope of the commission may be enlarged. A pertinent question is, what has the commission been worth to the people? Against the cost in dollars arises the question, 'What has been the value of its work in dollars?' A large part of the work, as shown, is prospective in its benefits. Of principal value to the people in regulations and corrections of discriminations which have become effective were the reduction in rates under the distance tariff; lower rates out of Walla Walla; joint merchandise rates from Seattle and Tacoma; joint rates on hay, oats, barley and mill feed; terminal rates from Eastern Washington to Puget sound points, and a number of matters of less importance. The benefits resulting directly from such action might conservatively be estimated at several hundred thousand dollars. The prospective value on matters now in litigation in the courts is of equal importance. The incidental effect of our valuations of railroads for assessment purposes, which would have added about $3,000,000 to taxes paid by the railways last year, has been shown. It is for you to say whether or not it pays to have a railroad commission, whether or not its existence justifies the cost of its maintenance. It was to you, farmers of Washington, that the creation of the railroad commission was most largely due."

PLANS TOPOGRAPHIC MODEL OF THE STATE

United States Geographer Would Make One for A.-Y.-P. Exposition.

President Henry A. McLean of the state commission for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition is in receipt of a letter from Mr. E. C. Barnard, geographer of the topographical branch of the United States geological survey, suggesting the construction of a topographical model of the state of Washington as one of the exhibits for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition. The plan is to construct a model about 30x45 feet and place it in one of the exhibition buildings, showing the location and elevation of the mountains, rivers and lakes and giving them all in proportion. A part of Mr. Barnard's letter is as follows:

"The varied topography and notable physical features insure a model of striking appearance. On a model even on the scale of one mile to the inch, the great natural resources of the state would be plainly indicated, as well as the remarkably advantageous location of the city of Seattle as regards commerce and harbor facilities.

"The timber resources could be forcibly set forth by indicating the timbered areas, the national forests, as well as the timber lands under private ownership. The lands reclaimed by irrigation could be indicated, and the model would clearly and forcibly show other areas that were susceptible of reclamation, as well as the possibilities of storing water for the same. The model could also show in a general way the remarkable possibilities for the development of power in the Cascades. All the railroads, principal roads, towns, streams, lakes and marshes could be indicated. A photograph of such a model would be especially valuable as a circular advertisement of the exposition.

"If flowing water could be arranged for in the larger streams it would add to the effect, but this is a detail which cannot be decided upon at the present time.

"If the necessary amount of money could be guaranteed for the making of a model on the scale of one mile to the inch, the geological survey would undertake the supervision, furnishing all the data and charging only for actual cost of the materials and photography."

HUGHES BOOM LAUNCHED AT NEW YORK DOLLAR DINNER

New York, Jan. 11.—The candidacy of Gov. Charles E. Hughes for the Republican presidential nomination was launched at a "Hughes dollar dinner" given by the enrolled Republicans of the Twenty-ninth assembly district at Terry Garden. The governor was not present, but sent a telegram, in which he expressed the wish that all should contribute in making the Republican party a constantly effective instrument for the correction of abuses and for conserving the rights and opportunities of all by impartial and straightforward administration.

The speakers included Seth Low and Dr. Roert Stuart MacArthur, and their arguments in support of Gov. Hughes' candidacy were greeted by the 300 diners with tumultuous applause. All of the speakers declared that he should be New York state's candidate.

GETS FIVE MILLION DOLLARS IN ACTUAL GOLD COIN

Seattle, Jan. 13.—According to a statement made by C. E. Vilas, in charge of the local United States assay office, the government has shipped to Seattle for use of the assay office alone $5,100,000 in actual gold coin between July 1 and January 1. This coin was for the purpose of paying for the dust deposited in the assay office. The bulk of this sum of money was deposited in the Seattle banks by the owners, and is said by bankers to have been one of the most important aids in keeping the bank reserves at such an exceptionally high figure.

ADVERSE REPORT MADE ON GRAYS HARBOR CANAL

Washington, Jan. 15.—In reporting unfavorably on the project for a ship canal connecting Grays Harbor with Puget Sound, Maj. H. M. Chittenden, the army engineer officer in charge of the district, estimates that the waterway would cost from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000. This great cost is not the principal argument against the canal, Maj. Chittenden thinks; the main consideration is that the commerce of the region does not justify the project.

Committee Favors Hepburn Bill.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The house committee on immigration voted to report favorably the bill introduced by Representative Hepburn of Iowa, suspending for six years the law prohibiting the importation by the Hawaiian government of European contract laborers. The purpose of the bill is to permit Hawaii to satisfy its preference for Europeans rather than Asiatics for plantation labor. The bill permits Hawaiian planters to contribute to the government immigration fund.

Successor to Brownson.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Rear Admiral John P. Merrill, now president of the naval war college at Newport, has been assigned to additional duty as a member of the army and navy joint board, made vacant by the detachment of Rear Admiral Brownson.

PLANS ARE UPSET

PROSECUTION OF LAND FRAUD CASES HINDERED BY DECISIONS OF COURTS.

Cessation of Activity Until Higher Courts Have Passed on the Questions Involved—Full Significance of Colorado Judge's Decision Is Just Dawning on Administration.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The administration's plan of campaign against land frauds has been so completely upset by recent court decisions that it has been decided to suspend for an indefinite time the further investigation of frauds and the initiation of new cases in the courts. The small army of special agents of the department of justice and the interior department will be disbanded at once and there will be a cessation of activity all along the line, until certain questions of law are passed upon by the highest judicial authority.

The disarrangement of the government plans was caused by the recent decision of Federal Judge Lewis of Colorado, followed as it was by the judgment of the United States supreme court in the Williamson case. The significance of the Lewis decision was not grasped all at once by the administration.

Further Action Useless.

Attorney General Bonaparte admitted that it was futile to proceed any further in the investigation of land frauds and the institution of new prosecutions until the points raised by Judge Lewis can be passed upon by the higher courts.

This means that matters will remain practically at a standstill for many months. Judge Lewis' decision was adverse of the legal grounds taken by the government heretofore in three important particulars, the Colorado judge holding in effect: First, that the final entry of land is not necessarily accompanied by oath to answer the requirements of the law; second, that a so-called conspiracy is not a conspiracy within the meaning of the law unless it can be shown that the persons conspired prior to the entry; and, third, that determining the application of the statute of limitations, the time is to be reckoned from the first overt act of the lawbreaker.

WHOLE TOWN MOURNS BECAUSE OF HOLOCAUST

Boyertown, Pa., Jan. 15.—When nightfall put a stop to the work of recovering the dead from the ruins of the Rhoades opera house, where the holocaust occurred, the official roll of victims numbered 167. Whether any more bodies are buried beneath the ruins cannot be positively stated, but it is the belief of those who had charge of the grewsome work that all of the dead have been removed and that the total list of victims will not go over 170. The ratio of women and girls to men and boys is about nine to one.

The work of identification will not be begun until today, as most of the bodies are still lying in a confused state at the four improvised morgues.

The population of the place is about 2,500, and the disaster paralyzed the town and the people are going about dazed. It is safe to say that every inhabitant of this little town either lost one or more relatives or was intimately acquainted with those who died in the fire. In several cases whole families were wiped out.

CUBA TO RETURN TO CUBANS NEXT YEAR.

Washington, Jan. 15.—In transmitting to the senate the report of Provisional Governor Magoon on conditions in Cuba, the president said:

"I am glad to be able to say that we can now definitely announce that by or before February 1, 1909, we shall have turned over the island to the president and congress to be elected next December by the people of Cuba. Our word to turn the island over to its own people will be scrupulously regarded."

BOUNDARY LINE CASE IN SUPREME COURT

Washington, Jan. 11.—The dispute over the Oregon-Washington boundary line question is now before the United States supreme court for a decision. Attorney McDonald, representing the state of Washington, and Attorney Crawford for Oregon have made their arguments.

Rockwell Out for Congress.

Spokane, Jan. 15.—T. D. Rockwell, of Spokane, state tax commissioner, has announced his candidacy for the Republican congressional nomination from the Third district, declaring that he stood for the doctrines of Roosevelt, and if elected, would do all in his power to advance the policies of the president.

Ballinger's Successor Confirmed.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The senate has confirmed the nomination of Fred S. Dennett, of North Dakota, to be commissioner of the general land office and of George Murphy to be governor of New Mexico.

COURT PAROLE SYSTEM PROVES SUCCE

Records of Judge Clelland's Show That Only 86 Prisoners Failed to Reform.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Municipal Jud McKenzie Clelland's efforts to redee the fallen, through his parole syster came to an end when the last sessic of the Maxwell branch of the cour prior to his transfer to the civ branch of the tribunal, was held.

Many who never before entered police court were present. Also ther were wives whose homes, they said had been redeemed from the curse o drunken husbands and fathers througl Judge Clelland's plan of reformation. Some were present who said their owr reformation was due to the system inaugurated by Judge Clelland. Of the defendants last paroled only two were present as delinquents.

Judge Clelland inaugurated his project December 27, 1906, when the first prisoner was paroled. Since then 1,231 have been released on promise. Of these it was necessary finally to send 74 to the Bridewell, but the court records indicate that 1,145 "made good." Twelve have disappeared.

RECEIVERS NAMED FOR CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN

St. Paul, Jan. 11.—Judge Walter J. Sanborn of the United States circuit court has appointed A. B. Stickney and Charles H. F. Smith, both residents of St. Paul, receivers for the Chicago Great Western railroad.

The appointment of receivers followed the inability of the company to meet obligations falling due in 1908 and failure to secure an extension of the obligations. Loss as a result of the boilermakers' strike of last fall is given as a partial cause of the financial straits of the road. It was pointed out also in the proceedings that during the last ten years the road has spent $19,000,000 in reconstruction.

Mr. Stickney has been president of the road since its building and was indorsed for the receivership by the stockholders.

THIRD RAIL DANGER IS REMOVED BY NEW SYSTEM

Los Angeles, Jan. 14.—A new third rail system for propelling electric cars was tested on a specially prepared track at Beverly Hills, near this city, recently and proved a success.

The inventor, Timothy Maloney, propelled a car at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour, and claims that it could have attained twice that speed.

Two parallel rails between the tracks supply the current. At interv of about half the length of a car th is a "cut off" or break in the rail which takes the current into a box a the side of the track and leaves th rails over which the coach has jus passed "dead." In this way the element of danger is completely removed.

GOVERNMENT TOWNSITE IS GRANTED AT MOLSON

Chesaw, Jan. 11.—The department of the interior has handed down another decision in the Molson townsite fight. This time the last decision is reversed and the tide is again turned in favor of the applicants for a government townsite.

The struggle over the prior right to the disputed territory started several years ago when the town builders and the homesteader laid claim to the same piece of ground.

The townsite claimants are headed by C. A. Blatt, the proprietor of the Hotel Tonasket, and also owner of a great deal of the balance of the town. The homestead claimant is J. H. McDonald.

UNITE TO CRUSH TURKEY.

Congress of All Oppressed Nationalities in Paris.

Paris, Jan. 13.—Representatives of the different peoples who are being oppressed by Turkey, including the young Turks, Armenians, Greeks, Bulgarians, Albanians, Kurds, Jews and Arabs, held a secret congress in this city. It was unanimously decided to organize in common action to overthrow the present Turkish government and for the substitution of a liberal, constitutional and parliamentary regime. The details of the revolutionary program were not published. Armenians, Turks and Bulgarians in America were represented at the congress.

To Extend Sunnyside Ditch.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The contract for the extension of the Sunnyside main canal, below Prosser, has been awarded to David S. Wilson of Mabton. The work consists of three and one-half miles of open canal, requiring the excavation of 28,000 cubic feet of material. The contract price is $8,363.

A postoffice has been established at White Bluffs, Benton county, and George W. Klise appointed postmaster.

Piles Has Fishery Bill.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Senator Piles of the state of Washington has introduced a bill appropriating $50,000 for the erection somewhere on the Pacific coast of a station where matters pertaining to fishery questions can be considered.

Takahira Is the Man.

Tokio, Jan. 11.—While the selection of Baron Takahira, Japanese ambassador to Italy, to succeed Viscount Aoki at Washington has not been officially announced, it is admitted at the foreign office that the appointment has been decided upon.

BIG DEFENSE PLANS

PACIFIC COAST BEING PUT IN ORDER TO WITHSTAND POSSIBLE ENEMY.

Fleet Said to Have Been Sent as a Shield for the Work Until Such Time as Plans Are Executed—Army Officer Declares Puget Sound Is Already Well Protected.

Washington, Jan. 13.—New coast defenses are being installed and old ones re-enforced at Pacific coast points, Guam, Hawaii and Manila. This work of fortification is being carried forward swiftly and upon a gigantic scale. Coal depots are being replenished, huge searchlights installed, harbors mined, big guns placed and ammunition magazines filled to overflowing.

So quietly has this work been going on that few outside of the officials handling the work have realized the enormous undertaking under way. This work was started last May and it is expected that a year will see the completion of the outlined program.

It is acknowledged that the fortifications at Manila, Guam, Puget sound and Honolulu are inefficient and it is at those points that the greatest work is being done. San Francisco and other coast points are declared to be perfectly equipped to repel attacks.

Fleet Is Shield for Work.

While not acknowledging any apprehension, the administration is rushing the work with real vigor. It was learned from an authoritative source that one of the potent factors in determining the dispatch of the fleet to the Pacific was a realization of the weakness at certain points. The presence of the fleet in the Pacific remedies all defects and structural weakness in coast defense points. As long as it remains there it will make up for any shortcoming in coast fortifications.

By the time the fleet leaves the waters of the Pacific it is believed all the weak points will have been reinforced and the defenses will be of a modern and approved type.

Weaknesses Pointed Out.

Puget sound is four miles broad and the current is so deep and swift that mines cannot be placed. Big searchlights are needed to watch the enemy at night. There are not enough big guns there to make the harbor impregnable. There are now en route for this point a full battery of searchlights and a complete auxiliary battery, which will make the spot invincible. A complete list of the guns there or on the way will be printed later.

Honolulu has no fortifications. Eight mortars have been provided for, but have not yet been put in place.

Guam is unprotected.

Manila bay is not mined, and while a heavy shipment of guns, mines and torpedoes is on the way there, it has not yet arrived, and it will probably be four months before the defense there is in place.

Subig bay is fully protected by mines, lights, torpedoes and navy guns. This is the point that Admiral Dewey wishes to make the base of supplies, and probably its armament will be greatly augmented.

San Francisco is heavily guarded by mines, torpedoes, guns and lights.

Getting Large Coal Supply.

In addition to the armament and ammunition supply, the government has taken a long look ahead in the matter of coal supply. With the fleet in the Pacific the United States can supply its coal depots to the limit.

From the time the fleet arrives on the Pacific, and after its departure from there, the war office here believes the United States will be ready to meet and repel any hostile power that may attack the Philippines or coast points. The government has stored at Cavite 60,000 tons of coal.

At Puget sound there are 12,000 tons, at Mare Island 20,000 tons. There are afloat for the fleet 133,000 tons. This amount will probably provide for the fleet on its way to San Francisco and probably two months more.

Only recently the government made the enormous shipment of 12,000,000 rounds of ammunition for the Philippines, this being for the use of the army in case it should have to be strengthened to repel land attack either at Subig bay or Manila.

One of the experts said that the fleet went to the coast as a perfect and complete defense for coast ports and insular possessions until they can get what has been ordered to them on their own merits as points of defense.

FORTS ARE WELL DEFENDED.

Foreign Foe Could Not Send Ships Into Puget Sound.

Seattle, Jan. 13.—"If any hostile fleet should try to pass the forts at the entrance to Puget sound on the theory that the fortifications are not effective, its officers would have a sad awakening here or in some other sphere. No foreign power can afford to take for granted the stories that the batteries there could not defend the sound from attack."

Thus Colonel Frederic V. Abbot, U. S. A., put a quietus on stories derogatory to Forts Flagler, Casey and Warden. Colonel Robertson has for eight years had personal charge of the fortifications of the United States. He is said to be one of the highest authorities in the world on defense. He arrived here after spending two days down the sound making his official inspection of the forts. Colonel Abbot has just returned from inspection of the fortifications on the Philippine islands and an inspection of the coast defense works at the mouth of the Columbia river and in California. He has been traveling for 102 days without rest. Colonel Abbot was ordered to make a hasty trip to the island possessions of the nation and to carefully examine the effectiveness of the coast fortifications.

CORTELYOU FAVORS A CENTRAL BANK

Thinks System Similar to That Proposed by Alexander Hamilton Will Have to Be Adopted.

Brooklyn, Jan. 13.—Secretary of the Treasury George B. Cortelyou, in a tribute paid before the Hamilton Club to the great work accomplished by the first secretary of the treasury, Alexander Hamilton, apparently partly indorsed the idea of a central bank of issue. In referring to Hamilton's administration he said:

"His favorite idea for sustaining national credit and conducting the finances, the establishment of a bank, was so well realized that it attracted admiration and support of men who at the time of the bank's establishment were antagonistic and they earnestly advocated its recharter, when its first charter was about to expire, and in all probability success would have attended their efforts but for personal hostility to the secretary (then in office) from his party. State banks were also hostile to the national institution, which was too much of a regulator of currency.

"It is a tribute to his financial ability and foresight that after so many years, with a largely expanded national domain and greatly increased population, many of our most thoughtful students of finance believe eventually we shall have to adopt again some similar system."

CHANGE MADE IN LAND FRAUD PROSECUTION PLAN

Washington, Jan. 13.—The decisions of Judge Lewis of Colorado in the land fraud cases have made it necessary to change the government's procedure in some respects. Pending an appeal from Judge Lewis' decisions, which will be expedited in the supreme court as rapidly as possible, there will be no advantage in bringing further criminal charges except such as might be necessary to avoid the operation of the statute of limitations. In cases in which there is danger of prospective defendants securing immunity by reason of the expiration of time, it is intended to have indictments brought within the time limits, but not to ask for further trials until the pending questions are settled.

Arrangements have been made by which hereafter the department of justice will undertake no preliminary investigation, but such work will be done wholly by the interior department, which will have control of the cases until they are fully ready for prosecution.

When these have been certified to the department of justice for legal action, either in the matter of criminal prosecution or for civil proceedings for the protection of some of the rights of the government, the matter will be wholly under the direction of the department of justice and all steps will be taken and all negotiations must be conducted with that department and its officials.

CANAL ESTIMATES LOW.

Figures on Construction of Isthmian Ditch Must Be Increased.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Because of changed conditions from those existing in 1905, when the minority of the board of consulting engineers of the Panama canal submitted its report, it is now admitted in responsible quarters that the estimate made by that report for building the canal was far too low, and that the cost may approximate $200,000,000. This includes various incidental items, such as administration, sanitation and improvements aggregating several millions of dollars in Panama and Colon, which, however, will be refunded by the Panama government, and the expenses of the zone government and various expenses incidental to the relocation and acquisition of the Panama railroad. The original estimate of cost was $139,000,000.

ROADS ASK FOR TIME TO SELL COAL LANDS

Washington, Jan. 14.—The coal carrying railroads who are required under an act of congress to dispose of their coal properties by May 1 next have submitted to the attorney general a proposition looking to a postponement of the date of enforcement of the law. The railroads represent that owing to the financial situation, if they carry out the law, it will result in sacrificing their property at prices greatly below its exact value.

Homestead Bill Passes.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The bill recently reported by the house committee on public lands, permitting all persons, who, through any cause, have failed to prove up on previous homestead entries to make new entries, passed the house yesterday, with an amendment, excluding those cases where fraud has been proven, or where entryman's rights had been sold for valuable considerations.

MONEY TALK PUT OFF

GOVERNMENT BOND SELLING SUBJECT OF ANIMATED DISCUSSION IN SENATE.

Consideration Postponed Pending Report From Secretary of Treasury—Resolution Passed Calling for Information Regarding Purchases by Railroads of Stocks of Other Roads.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The recent issue of bonds by the secretary of the treasury for the purpose of relieving the financial stringency was the subject of an animated debate in the senate yesterday. The discussion was precipitated by an inquiry by Senator Culberson and was participated in by Senators Aldrich, Tillman and Bailey. It resulted in an agreement to postpone further controversy on finance until a statement can be received from Secretary Cortelyou. While the subject was under discussion Mr. Tillman's resolution directing the finance committee to inquire into the operations of the treasury department was referred, with his consent, to that committee.

The senate passed Senator Tillman's resolution calling on the interstate commerce commission for information concerning purchases by railroad companies of stocks of the competing roads.

The unfinished business in the form of the bill to codify the criminal laws of the United States was placed before the senate and the reading of the bill was begun.

Report Awaited.

After a short discussion concerning the recent bond issue it was agreed, before taking up the question in detail, to await a report from the secretary of the treasury, which Senator Aldrich assured the senators would be before them on next Thursday. Mr. Clay, of Georgia, asked whether the secretary would be required to make a report of these facts by law. Mr. Aldrich replied that he believed he was so required, but there was no provision of law stipulating how the report should be made.

Mr. Culberson insisted that the duty of the secretary under the law was to make such a statement on or before January 1, for the preceding year, concerning the deposits of public money. He said he had not seen any such statement.

Mr. Tillman referred to two resolutions by him which had remained on the calendar since December 9, calling for information concerning clearing house certificates and the bond issues, and that he thought it would be best to let them go to the committee on finance without attempting to pass them without reference to that committee. He said he wished to lay some correspondence on this subject before the committee, and read from the vice president's desk a letter from George H. Kloebers, of Wilmington, Del., stating that he had bid an average of 104½ for $10,000 of Panama bonds and had not been awarded any of them, although they had sold for 102½.

Letter Is Read.

Mr. Tillman wanted to know how it happened that the bonds had been sold to the banks at a lower price and denied to citizens who bid higher for them. He also read a letter from Assistant Secretary Edwards of the treasury department, to Mr. Kloebers, as follows:

"In reply to your inquiry of the 17th instant, you are informed that individual bidders whose bids were greater than $10,000 were not allowed any bonds."

He also read another letter from a correspondent in Augusta, Ga., who wanted to know how it had happened that the secretary places "vast currency in New York banks" to relieve the financial stringency, while these banks charge 1¼ per cent. premium on this money to Southern banks. "The Stringency seems to be a source of profit to some one," Mr. Tillman's correspondent added.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, wanted to know whether Mr. Tillman's Delaware correspondent was the man who instituted a suit against the secretary of the treasury in the matter of the award of these bonds. Mr. Tillman did not know whether the injunction suit had been brought by his correspondent.

"As some courts have been so glad to issue injunctions," said Mr. Bailey, "I think they would be glad of an opportunity in this case. I think this course on the part of the secretary all the more remarkable in view of the fact that the purpose was to attract the money that was in hiding.

Not From Banks.

"They might attract it from places where citizens had it, but not from the banks. A part of the understanding under which these bonds were issued was that 90 per cent of the money received from their sale would be left on deposit with the banks.

"If that be true," he declared, "the banks received from the government interest at the rate of 30 per cent per annum."

Continuing, Mr. Bailey added: "The government sold these bonds at 102½ and deposited in the banks 90 per cent of the purchase price, so that the $10 paid on each bond actually drew interest at the rate of 30 per cent per annum. It was not intended that this money should be used for the Panama canal, but it was to relieve the financial pressure. Under that plan, with that profession on his lips, the secretary seems to have declined the money which individual citizens were willing to take from their trunks or other places of hiding and turned the bonds over to the banks at 30 per cent per annum."

Mr. Tillman remarked that he would wait for the secretary's reply.

Mr. Tillman's resolutions were referred to the committee on finance and the discussion of the financial question was suspended awaiting Secretary Cortelyou's response to the senate inquiry.

HOLDS CORPORATIONS MUST KEEP STOCKHOLDERS' LIST

Olympia, Jan. 11.—Every corporation doing business in this state must keep at its principal office a book containing an alphabetically arranged list of all stockholders, giving the number of shares held by each and the time when they became owners, which book shall be open to the inspection of stockholders and creditors during the business hours of the day, except Sunday. For failure to keep such a list the corporation is liable to a fine of $100 a day. This is an old state law on which the attorney general has just rendered an opinion to the attorney of Pierce county that the prosecuting attorney of the county where the corporation has its chief office is the proper officer to institute action to collect this penalty from delinquent corporations.

TO MAKE LOW RATES FOR THE CONVENTIONS

Seattle, Jan. 11.—The Great Northern has authorized its agents to issue low rate tickets on the certificate plan for several conventions to be held in the Pacific Northwest shortly. The rate for the conventions will be one and one-third fare for the round trip.

Concessions have been made for the Washington State Horticultural Association at Walla Walla, January 29-31, from stations in Washington and Idaho; for the Northwestern Harness and Saddle Manufacturing Association, at Portland, Ore., January 13 and 14, from stations in Montana, Idaho and Washington; and for the Western Retail Lumbermen's Association, at Tacoma, February 27-29, from stations in Montana, Idaho and Washington.

The Northern Pacific and local lines have joined in the reduced rates.

FEDERAL TROOPS SOON TO LEAVE GOLDFIELD

Washington, Jan. 14.—President Roosevelt has determined to withdraw the federal troops from Goldfield, Nevada, shortly after the legislature begins its special session Tuesday. This intention was made known at the White House when the report of the special investigating commission was made public together with a letter from the President to Governor Sparks dated January 4. The President says he shall be governed by the recommendations in the report unless the governor can show that the statements established to any such extent as to justify his use of these statements for the purpose of getting federal troops.

BANK CONDITIONS NORMAL.

Controller Ridgeley Gives Out an Encouraging Statement.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Controller of the Currency W. B. Ridgeley said that so far as the banks of the country are concerned conditions today are practically normal.

"The financial crisis has been passed successfully," he said, "and it has only served to demonstrate the general strength and soundness of the banking institutions. The situation has cleared and business is bound to revive, though we must give it time to come back naturally to its former high water mark."

Great Northern Cost.

Olympia, Jan. 11.—Expert Engineer Gillette occupied the stand submitting his figures on the value of the Great Northern and Tacoma & Eastern roads. He testified that the Hill road cost about $30,000,000 for original construction in Washington; that it would cost today to reproduce the road, exclusive of right of way and real estate, about $35,000,000, but that the present value of the road in this state, figuring depreciation, is about $31,000,000. He values the Great Northern at about double per mile that of the O. R. & N. in Washington, the heavy construction of the latter road being in Oregon.

Linotype in the Vatican.

Rome, Jan. 13.—Following the installation of electric lighting and heating apparatuses, the Vatican has now installed linotypes in the papal printing house. Cardinal Merry Del Val assisted in the work of placing the new machines, and is now giving them his personal attention.

Rain Averts Indian Famine.

Lahore, India, Jan. 13.—The drouth which has prevailed for the past six months has been broken by copious rains throughout the Punjab and the threatened repetition of an acute state of famine, which had caused such terrible mortality in recent years, has thus been averted.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The state department is informed in a dispatch from Consul General Denby at Shanghai, China, that the American Presbyterian school property was destroyed as a result of tax riots in Northern Chekiang, but the missionaries are safe. He also states that protection is promised them by the Chinese authorities.

GRAIN CROPS SHORT, BUT WORTH FAR MORE

Government Final Estimate Shows Great Decline in Cereal Production.

PRICES MAKE FARMERS HAPPY.

They Will Get Half a Billion of Dollars More This Year than Last.

The government report shows a shortage of 785,987,000 bushels in total crops as compared with the crops of 1906, which were the largest ever raised in this country, and a shortage of 377,287,000 bushels as compared with the yields of 1905, which were also very large.

The chief shortage is in the corn crop, with 335,000,000 bushels, oats with 211,000,000 bushels and wheat with 101,000,000 bushels.

There is something of an offset to the big losses in the feeding grains in the increase of 6,431,000 tons of hay as compared to that of 1906, and of 3,045,388 tons as compared to the crop of 1905.

Prominent features of the final revision of its crop estimates for the year by the Department of Agriculture were the increases made in the reports of area seeded to spring wheat, corn and oats. In each of these particulars as well as in the estimated weight of spring wheat and oats the official reports ran more or less counter to the general impressions of speculators. In a few instances, such as the weight of oats, the figures given were at variance with all the experiences of the trade for the year to date.

Figures of the Report.

The report gave final estimates of acreage, production and value of farm crops, showing winter wheat acreage to be 28,132,000, production 409,442,000 bushels and value per bushel 88.2 cents.

Spring wheat acreage was 17,079,000, production 224,645,000 bushels and value 86 cents.

Corn acreage was 99,931,000, production 2,592,320,000 bushels and value 51.7 cents.

Oats acreage was 31,837,000, production 754,443,000 bushels and value 44.3 cents.

It was announced that the total value of the farm crops for 1907 was $3,404,000,000, an increase of $428,000,000 for 1906.

The farm value on Dec. 1 of the four crops already mentioned follows: Corn, $1,340,446,000; winter wheat, $361,217,000; spring wheat, $193,220,000; oats, $334,568,000.

The comparative prices for the grain crops for the past three years follow:

	1907.	1906.	1905.	1904.
Wheat	81.7	66.7	74.8	92.4
Corn	51.7	39.9	41.2	44.1
Oats	44.3	31.7	29.1	31.3
Rye	73.1	58.9	60.7	68.8
Barley	44.3	41.5	40.8	42.0
Buckwheat	69.8	59.0	58.7	62.2
Flax	95.6	101.8	95.0	99.3
Potatoes	61.7	51.1	61.7	45.3
Hay	$11.68	$10.37	$8.52	$8.72

Aeroplane's Circular Flight.

Henry Farman has continued his marvelous flights at Paris with his famous aeroplane, built by the Voisin brothers on the general plan of the Chanute soarer. Before a great and wildly enthusiastic throng of people he repeatedly maneuvered his machine one kilometer in a complete circle, returning to the point of departure. This was regarded as a demonstration of practical aerial flight by machines heavier than air or without the aid of gas bags. The machine first rolled slowly along the ground on its two pneumatic tired wheels; then, as the speed increased from the action of the propellers, the big winged thing shot off into the air at a gentle angle, all the time Mr. Farman steering with apparent ease and confidence and keeping an even keel and a steady course to the turning point and back. The machine resembles a huge dragon fly, with upper and lower sets of wings attached to a light frame carrying motor, machinery and operator.

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

President B. F. Winchell of the Rock Island at Guthrie, Okla., said his road would accept the 2-cent fare provision of the Oklahoma constitution.

Gov. Vardaman of Mississippi was prevailed upon to take a ride in Baldwin's airship at Jackson, Miss. Ten feet above the ground was the limit and the trip was very short.

William E. Shiebler, the telegraph operator who received the first message over the Atlantic cable sent to President Buchanan by Queen Victoria died in Brooklyn, N. Y. He also received the message from the front announcing the fall of Richmond at the close of the Civil War.

UNCLE SAM A CAPITALIST.

As a Shipbuilder Outranks All Others in the United States.

The United States government maintains nine navy yards, representing a capitalization of more than $60,000,000 and employing nearly 15,000 men, including officers. The total wages paid in the navy yards of the government is approximately $10,000,000 annually, the cost of materials used being about $7,000,000 annually and the value of the products, depending upon the number of vessels built, runs well up into the millions every year. In 1905 the output of the government yards was over $17,000,000.

As a shipbuilder the government outranks all other ship owners in the United States. In 1904 the government launched 170,000 tons of battle ships of more than 1,000 tons burden each. While only 3.7 per cent of all vessels launched that year were the property of the nation, these vessels constituted 27.7 per cent of the total tonnage launched that year. These same vessels represented also more than half the value of all vessels over five tons launched, the contract value of the government ships being $39,513,600. Despite its own facilities for building and repairing warships, only one government yard has been used in recent years for turning out a modern up-to-date battle ship.

All told, the government owns fifteen dry docks where vessels of the navy undergo most of their repairs. All but two of these are located on the Atlantic coast. Another dock is being completed on Puget sound, giving three on the Pacific coast. In addition to the naval dry docks there are thirty-eight in the United States owned by private corporations or individuals. In time of war the navy should find no trouble in taking care of its smaller vessels, but the big battle ships would have long distances to travel on either coast, in event of injury, before finding adequate docking facilities.

CROPS OF UNITED STATES FOR THREE YEARS.

	1907, bu.	1906, bu.	1905, bu.
Winter wheat	409,442,000	492,888,004	428,462,834
Spring wheat	224,645,000	242,372,966	264,516,655
Total wheat	634,087,000	735,260,970	692,979,489
Corn	2,592,320,000	2,927,416,091	2,707,993,540
Oats	754,443,000	964,904,522	953,216,177
Rye	31,566,000	33,374,833	27,616,045
Barley	153,317,000	178,916,484	136,651,020
Buckwheat	14,290,000	14,641,937	14,535,082
Flaxseed	25,851,000	25,576,146	28,477,758
Potatoes	297,942,000	308,038,382	260,741,294
Total	5,137,903,000	5,923,890,235	5,515,189,889
Hay, tons	63,577,000	57,145,959	60,531,612

HALF A MILLION A DAY.

That Is the Amount Which Chicago Puts Into Stimulants.

Chicago's consumption of stimulants is amazing, according to a correspondent. The money spent in saloons alone totals up between $120,000,000 and $130,000,000 annually. At least $10,000,000 more is spent for stimulating drugs in the 900 drug stores in the city.

If tobacco can be classed as a stimulant it may be said that there are between 35,000 and 40,000 places in the city where cigars and tobacco are sold. Probably $100,000 per day is not an exaggerated estimate for Chicago's smoking bill.

At the lowest estimate, taking alcoholic beverages, tobaccos, and all manner of drugs into account, it is impossible to figure that Chicago spends less than $500,000 per day on stimulants of various kinds, and the chances are the amount is considerably higher.

Of this enormous sum, how much does the worker spend? Fully 75 per cent, if all business men, officers of corporations, and all men who work with hand or brain, are included. But for the worker, the saloonkeepers themselves say, they would have to close up shop in a few days. The remaining 25 per cent of the $500,000 must be set aside between women who lead domestic lives and non-workers of all kinds. Women perhaps are the heaviest of all users of drugs.

The Universalist general convention at Philadelphia listened with approval to the plea for closer fellowship between their denomination and the Unitarian, made by Rev. Lewis G. Wilson, secretary of the American Unitarian Association.

The Evangelical general conference, at its recent session at Milwaukee, took a decisive step toward the union of the Evangelical church and the United Evangelical church, adopting the report of the committee on revision, which recommended the appointment of a commission from each church to arrange details of the union. It was also decided to open negotiations with other Protestant churches, including the Methodists, Presbyterians, Baptists and Congregationalists, with a view to a federation on all lines of church work into which denominational differences do not enter.

Under the direction of Rev. Hugh Birkhead and his associates of St. George's Episcopal church, New York, a club has been started on lines similar to that maintained by Emmanuel church, Boston, and Christ Presbyterian church of New York, namely, its membership made up entirely of persons having incipient tuberculosis. Each member promises to care for his health, to give up all work, stop worrying, live an outdoor life and obey all the rules of the club. All are supplied with a tent attachment to be fastened to the window sills so that they may sleep with their heads in the open air. Weekly meetings are held, when all tell of their progress.

J. C. HANSEN

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

—Phone 38—

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The best Soda Cracker Manufactured in 5c packages

25 crackers for 5c
125 crackers for 25c

They are better and more for the money than any other cracker

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— THE —

OLYMPIC = LEADER

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Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

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Divorce Summons, $6.00.
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All Probate Notices of ordinary length, running three or four weeks, $5.00.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1908

A "REAL ESTATE" YEAR.

The Tribune-Times got excited last week and hit wide of the mark. In its feeble effort to shield the action, or lack of action, of Mr. Lauridsen as chairman of the board of commissioners in not living up to his pre-election promises, that paper throws a lot of high-sounding but harmless epithets at the Olympic-Leader; lustily howls misrepresentation, and says that 1907 was on off year anyhow!

Th s cry of "stop thief" fools no one. The question as to the assessment of realty in 1907 has not been raised by this paper, and no amount of ranting and roaring will side-track it from its purpose. Believing, as we do, that timber is not bearing its full share of the assessed valuations of the county, the Olympic-Leader has stood for a readjustment of valuations. Mr. Lauridsen promised, if elected, to see that this was done. Has he fulfilled his promises? Would he have been elected had he not made these promises? There are many who think not.

How was it in King county; was 1907 an off year in that county also? If the commissioners in King could do their duty in the year of our Lord, A. D. 1907, could not the board of Clallam have done likewise — and fulfilled promises?

The Tribune-Times has faith that timber assessments will be raised this year. So have we. At the recent assessor's convention each member was pledged to assess property in his county at 60 per cent of its market value. Having implicit confidence in Mr. Hickok, we believe he will do his duty in so far as he is able, with the information he may have at hand. The convention passed a resolution calling upon the county commissioners of timber counties to aid the assessors with a timber cruise. The pressure will soon become so great thruout the state that county commissioners can no longer postpone the county cruise—nor can they adopt any half-hearted, dilatory method in pretense of carrying it out, such as was done for a few days in this county. Moreover, the tax commission has given warning that if timber be not cruised, assessments will be raised by the commission to the level of the other counties. The credit, in event of a cruise this year, will not be due the board of commissioners in this county. In 1907 they had an opportunity to redeem themselves. In 1908 they will be forced to follow the lead of other counties in raising valuations.

The T.-T. further says: "Any man of ordinary intelligence knows that Mr. Lauridsen is not responsible for or has, as a county official, had anything to do with the present real estate assessment." Right again. Neither would one but with a diseased or warped brain accuse anyone of even suggesting such a proposition. Such demagogry is of no avail in the present discussion. The chances are also that the chairman of the board of commissioners of King county had nothing to do with the assessment of 1906, yet he went right ahead with a cruise of the timber, and behold the result! King county will have as the result of the partial cruise of 1907 a net profit of over $50,000. And there is no evidence that the chairman of the King Co. board made any pre-election promises. He simply went ahead and did his duty as he saw it, fearlessly and well.

Mr. Lauridsen knew that it was his duty, if elected, to see that "the present low rate of valuation" in Clallam be equalized, and AT ONCE, or he never would have made any pre-election promises to that effect. How well he has kept those promises to date—in light of the result in King county—we leave for the people to decide.

Assessor Parish of King said at the recent meeting of the State Assessors Association:

"The total assessed valuation of all real property in King county for the year 1906 amounted to the sum of $138,354,291; the same for the year 1907 to the sum of $152,575,871. The increase (over $3,000,000,000 on timber alone) in the assessed valuation of real estate is due principally to the action of the board of equalization in confirming recommendations of the assessor for an increase in the assessed valuation of timber, coal and railroad lands."

This increase was recommended, says Mr. Parish, because of gross undervaluation. "The present low valuation on realty" in Clallam says the T.-T., was made by the former assessor." Then why did not Mr. Lauridsen take the "bull by the horns," do his duty as he promised, and assist in raising valuations at the proper time the same as as in King? Why?

Mr. Parish further said:

"King county will realize from the increase alone in the assessed valuation of timber lands for the year 1907, as the direct result of its partial cruise, an amount many thousands of dollars in excess of the entire cost of said cruise when completed, * * bringing in increased tax collections of $90,000, or more than double, in one year, the cost of the cruise."

Clallam county roads and bridges will never receive the benefit of their share of the $50,000 which they might have had, as well as King. No amount of harmony, no amount of scrimping enonomy in the management of county affairs will ever make good the loss. The mill cannot grind with the waters that have passed.

Will Mr. Lauridsen kindly read and carefully digest the above quotations from Mr. Parish and tell the people why Clallam did not follow the example of King? Come, let us have a fair discussion on the merits of the case.

CALL FOR PROPOSALS.

The Clallam County Board of Education will meet at the court house Jan. 25, 1908, at 1:30, to select text books for the first two years H. S. work, and reading matter for the 7th and 8th grades. The aforesaid selection will be for the use of all the school districts of the second class in the county. Proposals are hereby invited for the furnishing of such books, the proposals to state an exchange price, a wholesale price, and a retail price at which such books will be furnished for the schools of all districts of the second class during the period of their use in such districts.

I. L. Ullery, C. P. Brown, T. Wagner, } Board.
Annette Trumbull, Chn. Ex-officio.

This is a good month to prune up your orchards and get them in shape for spraying next month. If you don't take care of your trees you cannot expect to raise salable fruit. I can do the pruning for you as cheap as you could do it yourself if your time is worth anything and it will be done dead right when done as I fully understand the care of trees in every detail. If you want to do the work yourself and dont know just how to go at it, I will gladly show or tell you all I know about it free of charge.

If you have any work of that kind you wish done, leave your orders with the Port Angeles Grocery, or at my residence cor. 10th and Lincoln.

J. G. Madland.

The ladies of the Congregational Church entertained last evening at the church a number of friends. The intentions were to combine the Annual business meeting with a social gathering, but later it was decided to postpone the business until next Thursday night at 7:30, and to give the entire evening to the consideration of the friends present. Refreshments were served at the close of the evening.

The steamboat company's agent here, Mr. Morse, has been asked many times during the past week of the existence of the rumor that the Whatcom was to be replaced by a smaller craft, if the report was true. His reply has invariably been that the Whatcom will stay just as long as it is supported, and no longer.

The young ladies of St. Andrew's Church organized a junior aid society this week, to be known as St. Margaret's Guild. Mable Gehrke is president, Helen Trumbull vice president, and Lucy Bonker sec'y and treas. Meetings will be held at the homes of members.

E. E. Day is having a 24-foot launch built for use of his family and guests on Lake Crescent. It will have a 12-horse power gasoline engine and a speed of about 12 miles an hour.

Rev. Carlisle P. B. Martin, L. L. D.

Of Waverly, Texas, writes: "Of a morning, when first arising, I often find a troublesome collection of phlegm which produces a cough and is very hard to dislodge; but a small quantity of Ballard's Horehound Syrup will at once dislodge it, and the trouble is over. I know of no medicine that is equal to it, and it is so pleasing to take. I can most cordially recommend it to all persons needtng a medicine for throat or lung troubire"

Sold at Mathwewson's Drug Store.

Keep in Mind THE PALACE of SWEETS FOR Candies, Fruits, Nuts, etc.

McDonald & Graham

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Call for Bids.

You are hereby notified that in accordance with decision of Council in regular session on Jan. 14, 1908, a call is made for bids for the construction of trestle work on Tumwater street. There are to be two separate bids:

One for piling and capping.
One for planking.

All work to be done according to plans and specifications on file with City E.ngineer E. R. Gehrke.

The bids must be accompanied by a certified check of 5 per cent of amount bid.

Said bids to be opened Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1908, at 8 o'clock.

The council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

C. W. Fields,
City Clerk.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

D. A. Christopher, plaintiff,
vs
J. J. and Mary E. Paul,
and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to
J J. and Mary E. Paul, who
are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

D. A. Christopher,

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 2440 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Wash ington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered one, 1, two, 2, three, 3, four, 4, five, 5, six, 6, seven, 7, 8, nine, 9, ten, 10, and eleven, 11, in Block numbered two, 2, in Maile ts Second Addition to Port Angeles, Washington.

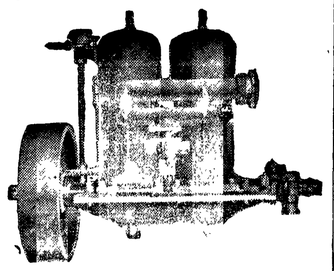
That said certificate was issued on the 17th day of September, 1907, for the sum of $17.59 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905 and 1906, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication to-wit, within sixty days after the 17th day of Jan. 1908, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and in erests; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

D. A. Christopher, Plaintiff.
J. E. Cochran. Atty. for Plaintiff.

Post Office address Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.
Date of first publication Jan. 17,1908.

J. M. MARTIN
Agent for
FERRO MARINE ENGINE



Launches, Row Boats and Skiffs and Dories
Manufactured to order. Engine in stalled in boats. Boats kept in stock for sale.
Port Angeles, Washington.

The R. D. WILLSON HARDWARE CO.

Has Taken Stock

See them for Bargains on Clearing Out Sales

A Few Patterns left in Plates and Vegetable Dishes to be closed out, and not to be carried in stock

A few old Reliable WILSON HEATERS and just a few STOVE BOARDS

Five Doll Carts to be closed out at greatly reduced PRICES

New Line of "VAN DYKE" Enamel Ware, beautiful Brown color, White enamel inside offering at low Prices

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In Fact Anything pertaining to a

Comfortable BATH

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Near Post Office
Phone 28 — Mail your Orders

— THE —
OLYMPIC - LEADER

FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1908.

SUPPLEMENT

Proceedings Board of Commissioners

Monday January 6th. 1908 at, 9 a. m·

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being present.

The minutes of Dec. 4th. 1907 were read and approved.

On motion the Board granted the Saloon License of J. L. Keeler for running a saloon at Sequim Wash. Commissioners Bugge and Erickson voted aye and Commissioner Lauridsen not voting at all.

The remonstrance of V. A. Grant et als against the granting a saloon license to J. L. Keeler was recieved and the majority of the signers of said remonstrance being minors and not tax payers, the said license was granted.

The Board granted the saloon license of J. F. Rudisile and instructed the Auditor to issue him a license.

The board proceeded to the Treasurer's Office and checked over the cash on hand and found the same correct as per Treasurer's report for quarter ending Dec. 31st. 1907.

The time having arrived for opening the bids on the first mile of road No. 59. Commencing at the quarter corner between sertions 11 and 14, Tp, 30, R. 7. thence in a south-westerly direction on the line of survey, and there being two bids on file the Board opening the same, which were as follows:

David Govan's, Bid $1175,00.

L. G. McBurney's Bid, 1175,00

After due consideration the Board awarded said contract to L. G. McBurney.

The Board instructed the County Engineer to survey and perpare plans and specification for changing the road around Beaver Falls Hill; also to survey and prepare plans and specifications for about two miles of road to begin at or near the Physt river going south on the Clallam Quillayute road and to do the said work as soon as possible.

The engineer having made a certificate that Harry Convention had completed his contract of covering the the Elwha river bridge at McDonald, and that he had accepted the same, the Board instructed the auditor to draw up warrants in favor of said Harry Conventon as per his contract.

The Board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants down for same on the Game Protection fund:

Wm. Anderson, protecting game	$ 45 00
John B. Knapman, protecting game	2 00
Freeman Snow protecting game	9 00

The board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn for same on the Bridge fund:

Joe Pearson labor on lower Elwha river bridge	$ 12 00
Ed Guthrie labor on lower Elwha river bredge	7 50
Dan Kelly labor on lower Elwha river bridge	6 00
P. B. Chambers labor on lower Elwha river bridge	5 00
McSoor & Swanson, blacksmithing on lower Elwha river bridge	7 50
Jo's Hottowe' labor on lower Elwha river bridge	18 00
Harry Conventon, extra work covering Elwha river bridge	10 00

The Board adjourned to meet at 1:30 p. m.

The board met pursuant to adjournment all members being present.

The Board took up the matter of the hearing of the petition of Harry J. Wilson, petitioning the Board to vacate all of Meadow Park Addition to the City of Port Angeles, said addition being a plat of NE. qr., SW. qr., Sec. 18-30-5, and it appeared to the Board that all the requirements of law had been complied with and it further appearing to the Board that no objections to said petition or the vacation of said lands had been made or filed.

It is therefore ordered that all the lots, blocks, streets and alleys of said Meadow Park addition to the City of Port Angeles be vacated, and the same are hereby vacated accordingly.

The Board took up the matter of the hearing of the petition of Ben Chambers, petitioning the Board to vacate all of Blocks 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 16 of Chambers (Ben) addition to Port Angeles. Said above described property being a plat of NW. qr., SW. qr., Sec. 14-13.6 and it appearing to the Board that all the requirement of law had been complied and it further appearing to the Board that no objection to said petition or the vacation of said lands had been made or filed.

It is therefore ordered that all the blocks 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, and 16 of Chambers (Ben). Addition to Port Angeles including the streets and alleys be vacated, and the same are hereby vacated accordingly.

The following resolution was adopted by the Board. Whereas there is now pending, in the Superior Court of King County Washington, a case that will determine the question of whether Protection Island should be assessed in this or Jefferson County, and

Whereas; one E. M. Farmer a lawyer of Seattle represents the purchasess of the land at a tax sale from Clallam county and has incurred expense and given much time to the preparation of the case for tiral there, and

Whereas; It is a matter of importance to the people of Clallam county that it be adjudged to be within this county, and they purchasers by virtue of the tax sale from this county;

At the request of said parties, and the approval of County Attorney as being less expensive than to prepare for and try the original case now pending between this and Jefferson county. It is ordered that the sum of $125,00 be paid to said E. M. Farmer as the county's portion toward said attorneys and expenses incurred on behalf of Clallam county in said suit, and take no further action in the original suit pending the trial of this case.

The Board examined and allowed the following claims, and ordered warrants drawn for same on the funds of Road and Bridge, District no, 1.

William Wooding supr. labor	$ 12 00
David Duncan and team labor	33 00
Roy Duncan labor	15 00
Dick Duncan labor	5 00
J. P. Tiller labor	1 25
John Wilcox labor	2 00
Jack Kinsey labor	2 00
Willis Chambers labor	1 00
Wm. Dick labor	2 50
A. B. Cameron labor	5 00
T. S. Histed labor	5 00
Kelly Epson labor	1 00
Edward Fries labor	1 00
Fred Sutter labor	1 00
Dan Jackson labor	1 00
Clif Thompson labor	5 00
P. A. McNamara labor	2 00
J. F. Delaney labor	12 00
Sequim Mfg. & Lighting Co. Blacksmithing	3 00

The board examined the followin claims, and ordered warrants drawn on R. & B Dist. No. 2 for same:

John Luke, labor	$ 3 75
Frank Chambers, labor	2 75
Ed Guthrie. labor	22 50
C. W. Gehrke, labor	3 75
Martin Ester, labor	10 10
Gallagher & Nichols, team	6 25
Mide Doyle, labor	8 60
Martin Doyle, labor	5 70
Henry Bradshaw	10 00
Joe Pearson, labor	30 00
L. G. McBurney, contract	75 00
H, Shelpman, team	2 50
L. G. McBurney and horse	35 50
H. Coventon and team	4 00
L. Elliott, labor	2 50
Seth I. Davis, labor	12 50
George Bird, labor	2 00
Grant Humes	10 00
E. E. Beaumont, labor	25 00
F. Collins, labor	1 25
Karl Anderson, labor	1 25
D. D. McKenzie, labor	1 25
Toney Fortman, labor	1 25
Frank Anderson, labor	1 25
Allie Miller, labor	1 25
Bert Miller, labor	2 50
W. S. Miller, labor	2 50

The board examined the following claims, and ordered warrants drawn on R. & B. Dist. No. 3 for the same:

Amund Orset, labor	$ 10 00
Tom Fisher, labor	4 80
C. A. Hanson, labor	4 80
John A, Green, supervisor	44 00
Otto Pontine, labor	5 40
Chas. Welker and team	20 25
Ed Last, labor	10 80
Alfred Danielson, labor	9 45
I. B. Danielson, labor	5 40
O. M. Klaboe, labor	9 45
John Green, freight	90
Chas. Wynne, labor	13 50
McIvor & Swanson, blacksmith'g	16 25

The board examined and allowed the following claims, and ordered warrants drawn for same on the funds of R. & B. Dist. No. 4:

Joe Marsh, labor	$ 2 40
Henry Marshall, team	7 00
J. F. Clark, labor	4 80
Ned Clark, labor	4 80
George Clark, labor	4 80
C. B. Sippy, labor	4 80
E. A. Lamoreux, labor	2 40
Joe Hamilton, labor	24 00
Lemon Parker and team	8 80
John van Bossche, labor	1 20
Louis Hahn and team	4 40
J. S. Anderson, labor	2 40
Henry Marshall, supervisor	24 00

The board examined and allowed the following claims, and ordered warrants drawn on the River Improvement Fund for same:

John Wilder, labor on Dungeness river	$112 00
Henry Wilder, labor on Dungeness river	46 80
Andy Berry, labor on Dungeness river	8 00
H. A. Hollaway, labor on Dungeness river	52 80
Henry Heath, labor on Dungeness river	42 00
Bill Coats, labor on Dungeness river	1 20
Len Fossit, labor on Dungeness river	13 20
Elmer Wilder, labor on Dungenes river	1 20
Leo Bennett, labor on Dungenes river	1 20
Wm. Aldrich, labor on Dungeness river	18 00
F. Redman, labor on Dungeness river	7 20
Wm. Harrison, labor on Dungeness river	13 20
M. K. Handley, labor on Dungeness river	19 20
C. Akers, labor on Dungeness river	10 80
Wm. Smith, labor on Dungeness river	2 40
Mr. Tracey, labor on Dungeness river	7 20
Albert Dyke and team, labor on Dungeness river	32 40
Earl Ellis and team, labor on Dungeness river	24 30
Jake Mapes and team, labor on Dungeness river	23 40
Jack Shaw, labor on Dungeness river	33 00
Len Fosset, labor on Dungeness river	33 00
M. T. Horne, labor on Dungeness river	33 00
A. W. Horne, use of blocks, etc., Dungeness river	31 50
Henry Stevens and team, labor on Dungeness river	8 50
Wm. Long and tham, labor on Dungeness river	10 00
James Henderson, labor on Dungeness river	9 00
Walter Martin and team, etc., labor on Dungeness river	$52 50
Chas. Fitzgerald, lumber on Dungeness river	11 50
Hase Evans, use of wagon on Dungeness river	3 00
Pioneer Binding & Printing Co., warrant books	25 00

The Board rejected the claim of W. T. Bowman, $127.25, for labor and use of team on the Dungeness river.

The Board rejected the bill of John D. Hickok for $185 00 for work in connection with lands deeded to the Government, and requested him to file receipts with his bills.

The Board instructed the Auditor to advertise for sealed bids for the construction of ½ mile of Road No. 59, commencing at the south end of said road, and running thence in a northeasterly direction along the line of survey of said road, according to plans and specifications on file in the County Engineer's office.

The County Engineer's report on the Hot Springs road, Road No. 77, was received and filed.

The County Engineer's report on Road No. 74, J. A. Rhodes et als. petitioners, was received and filed.

The Board granted the petition of James Zeman et als. for a county road commencing 35 rods from the beach on the section line between sections 34 and 35, Township 30 N. R. 3 W., running thence south and ending at the Burlingame road and ordered the engineer to make a report on the said proposed road.

The Board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn for same on the current expense fund.

R. M. Toler, labor and supplies	$ 7 35
City of Port Angeles, electric lights for Oct., Nov. and Dec., 1907	7 50
Alfred Ware, engineer, salary and expenses	181 15
Frank Sullivan, Deputy Engineer, salary	76 00
William Ritchie, Jr., assisting engineer	40 00
Ed Brant, assisting engineer	36 00
J. A. Rhodes, " "	3 00
Ed Fritz, " "	14 00
Geo. Weldrick, board of surveyors	30 00
Fred Rudisile, " "	7 00
Henry A. Poole, livery hire, surveyors	24 00
T. C. Alexander, J. P., fees case State vs. Ira Airheart	3 60
Hays Evans, constable, fees case State vs. Ira Airheart	4 50
Archie McIntyre, witness fees case State vs. Ira Airheart	3 40
Alois Spath, witness fees case State vs. Ira Airheart	3 40
T. C. Alexander, J. P., fees case State vs. Archie McIntyre	5 55
Riley McCoy, witness fees State vs. Archie McIntyre	3 2v
Maud McCoy, witness fees case State vs. Archie McIntyre	3 20
Fred Hooker, witness fees case State vs. Archie McIntyre	3 20
Ira Hooker, witness fees case State vs. Archie McIntire	3 20
William Morresey, witness fees case State vs. Archie McIntyre	3 40
S. L. Kilby, witness fees case State vs. Archie McIntyre	3 00
Johnson & Bork, papering and painting Auditor's office	45 00
P. J. Wold, work on court house	18 50
Henry Maguire, wood for court house	21 00
Gray & Gray, oil and matches	5 45
H. W. Doty, labor	3 00
H. Gutenberg & Co., supplies	8 23
A. R. Pringle, envelopes	74 64
F. M. Ellison, repairing typewriter	3 50
E. A. FitzHenry, fees refunded	1 00
T. J. Appleton, services as health officer	20 00
R. D Willson Hdw. Co., supplies	6 45
Garfield Davis, constable fees	7 00
J. J. Allen, serving papers for Sheriff	5 00
Jilson White, Deputy Sheriff, salary and expenses	9 50
H. Lesure, use of team Konopaski case	22 00
A. J. Cosser, Sheriff's expenses	10 20
McIvor & Swanson, blacksmithing for Westphal Co. Home	2 50
E. E. Hopkins, tobacco, Westphal Co. Home	.50
Ray L. Haynes, care of county poor Dec. 3, 1907, to Jan. 6, 1908	35 00
E. W. Merrill & Co., groceries for county poor	22 85
Gallagher & Nichols, livery hire for Engineer	2 50
P. B. Chambers, livery hire for Engineer	2 50
P. B. Chambers, freight and cartage for Sheriff	2 40
P. B. Chambers, moving vault fixtures, wharfage and storage	17 00
Pioneer Binding & Printing Co. vault fixtures for Clerk	511 35
Irwin-Hodson Co., supplies	25 90
Irwin-Hodson Co., vault fixtures	55 10
Bushong & Co., supplies	28 00
Bushong & Co., General Index	83 00
Bushong & Co., Tie Envelopes	7 50
Tribune-Times Co., publications	43 75
C. E. Nailor & Co., supplies	10 80

The Board selected the following Jury List for the ensuing term:

Emanuel Almaden	C O Fritz
Elmer Alexander	Kelly Cassalery
Thos Clark	Geo F Graham
F E Knight	M O'Leary
H M Towne	Mark Gibson
E J Fisher	Geo Hamilton
Ernest Kehr	Jas Burrows
John Lindberg	W T Bowman
Chas Cays	Albert Dyke
Harry Heath	Thos Knoph
J W Pettett	L H Tripp
David Duncan	J M Grant
J E Hooker	John B Knapman
J F Delaney	Geo Sofia
Jos Cassalery	Arthur Cays
J E Ellis	A W Horne
Joe McKissick	C W Thompson
Richard Ward	J F Edgington
Walter Grant	J H Jones
Thos Lawrenson	G F Hutsell
W G Young	O A Wentworth
O J Ford	Peter Nelson
J C Douglas	Geo W O'Brien
Geo Lamb	John Cavwood
U S McNally	Louis Klahn
Casper Maxfield	Thomas Donaldson
A W Smith	James Clark
F W Parker	J R Smith
Stanley Gaydeski	Charles Welker
J A Rainey	Tom Fisher
Tom Birkestol	Joseph Wheeler
Louis Hahn	Charles Palmer
O B Smith	Geo Woodruff
K K Teig	John Donaldson
J S Anderson	Joseph Hamilton
James Keltner	H A Poole
Geo Talbot	Owen Mulholland
Albert Loveless	Ray Maxfield
Jas Henrie	Joseph Marsh
C D Gates	Chas Kerr
Herbert Dempsey	Chas Agnew
W H Allen	C L Babcock
J R Baskins	Geo W Bird
C A Bork	W G Broughton
Geo Cowan	Dell Drumb
Martin Ester	E H Finch
Wm Fowler	Chas Gallagher
E R Gehrke	Thos Lauridsen
Alexander Harris	Otis Irons
H H LaFower	Frank Madison
H C Miller	C H MacGill
Jas Palmer	H N Shelpman
Geo Winters	Albert Draper
J A Smith	Miles Wait.
Frank Anderson	Gus Roll
Severn Johnson	J L Aldwell
Harvey D Anderson	Orin H Babcock
W T Belford	August Blin
Byron B Bowman	DeWitt Burns
James Clark	Julius Danz
W S Eacrett	Wm Everett
Jas Fitzgerald	J F Frank
J M Gardner	Earnest Getchell
E H Isbell	C I Haswell
Albert Kale	F Lehman
Roy Madison	D W Morse
H P McNutt	T A Pinyerd
E D Short	A F England
Dan J Kelly	J D Sanford
Fred C Poole	Jos Hottowe
E P Jones	Peter Johnson
D S Allen	A J Andersen
Herbert Baker	Chas Bennett
John Bowers	J E Brolock
T H Carter	J P Collins
W R Dodge	E D Eliott
H M Fisher	Felix Filion
C E Fulmer	W W Garvin
Harry Coventon	Ray L Haynes
Henry Holzman	Chas Larson
W G Martin	A H Mathews
L G McBurney	Arnt Nelson
R D Sanborn	Fred Roberts
Adam Reis	Ben G Wilcox
Frank Drumb	E W Merrill
C S Stakemiller	Horace White
C W Smith	Even Epperson
Martin Doyle	Henry Maguire
R D Willson	A Ahlvers
O E Myers	Wm Steele
W E Humes	S E Stakemiller
W J Linthicum	R McDonnell
Alex Clark	Fred Nelson
Clarence McLaughlin	Al H Jensen

The Board adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, By reason of the fact that the county is sparsely populated, and that many of the electors are transcient men, and neither householders or freeholders; that many are exempt because over the age of 60 years, or following the professions, or teaching in public schools, or belonging to fire departments, or holding civil offices, or having served twice as Jurors within two years, it is impracticable to select more than 138 Jurors known to be competent. Therefore, Be It

Resolved, That only the 188 names heretofore drawn be selected as Jurors.

The Board fixed the salary of the County Health officer at $25.00 per month, he to pay all of his own expenses, commencing with the month of January, 1908.

The Board approved L. M. Campbell's et ux. plat of Ritter & Campbell's Addition to Port Angeles, the same being a plat of the SW¼ of SE¼ of SW¼, Sec. 9, Twp. 30 N. R. 6 West W. M.

The Board approved Elmer M. Eckard et ux plat of Lulay's addition to Port Angeles, the same being a plat of the W½ of E½ of SW¼ SW¼ of Sec. 9, Twp. 30, N. R. 6 West W. M.

The Board approved Harry J. Wilson et ux plat of Wilson's addition to the City of Port Angeles, subject to the filing of an engineer's certificate that said addition had been properly surveyed. Said addition being a plat of the NE¼ of SW ¼, Sec. 18, Twp, 30, N. R. 5 West W.M.

The Board approved Elmer M. Eckard et ux plat of Tipton addition to Port Angeles, subject to the filing of an engineer's certificate that said addition had been properly surveyed, said addition being a plat of the NW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 13, Twp. 30, N. R. 6, West W. M.

The Board adjourned to meet Tuesday the 7th day of January, 1908, at 9:00 a.m.

Tuesday, the 7th day of January, 1908, at 9:00 a. m. The Board met pursuant to adjournment, present Commissioners Lauridsen and Erickson and Auditor Hawkins.

The Board checked over the vouchers turned over by the County Treasurer and found the same correct, as per the Treasurer's Report for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1907.

The Board adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, It is a probability that certain parties may desire to plat certain suburban lots of the townsite of Port Angeles, and

Whereas, There are certain requirements that must be complied with before issuance by the United States of patents of said lots, Therefore Be It

Resolved, That this Board of County Commissioners will approve no plat or subdivision of any of said suburban lots prior to issuance of patent for same.

The Board allowed the following Commissioners' claims:

K. O. Erickson, 1½ days and mileage	$25 40
H. J. Bugge, 1 day and mileage	9 00
G. M. Lauridsen, 1½ days	6 00

The Board adjourned to meet February 3rd, 1908, at 9:00 a. m.

"Don't want it, eh?" angrily cried the unsuccessful contributor. "I don't suppose there's anything I could write that you would accept?"

"No, I reckon not," replied the editor. "I don't suppose you could write a check for a year's subscription, could ye?"—Philadelphia Press.

The first man who discovered gold in Australia was hanged for his pains. He was one of the first convicts transported to Botany Bay, and when he learned the great secret he brought a sample to show his success and was promptly hanged for attempted escape. —London Mail.

The speed of an otter under water is amazing. Fish have no chance against them. In some places in India otters are kept by the natives to fish for them. They are tied up to stakes like dogs when not working, wear plaited straw collars and seem to be quite contented.

"Why do you dislike poetry so much?"

"Because," answered the man who uses scented hair oil, "when you quote prose very few people can be sure it isn't an original remark, but when you quote poetry everybody is wise on the instant."—Washington Star.

Little Elmer—Say, Uncle Bob, what makes you walk lame? Uncle Bob—There was a street car accident today, and I got caught in the jam. Little Elmer—Well, I know how that is. Mamma caught me in the jam one time, and I walked lame for a week.—Kansas City Independent.

A Famous Fiddlestick.

The most valuable fiddlestick in the world is the one used by Paganini at his farewell recital, afterward possessed by Verdi, the great composer. It was given by Paganini to his favorite pupil, the late Count di Cessole, and by him bequeathed to Verdi. Many large sums, ranging from $5,000, have been offered in vain for this unique possession, and its estimated value is $75,000.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Not a Magistrate.

"There are some verses I wrote," said the innocent young man, laying the paper on the editor's desk. "You may give me just what you think they are worth."

"But I have not the authority to give you what they deserve," replied the man with the pen. "Remember, I am an editor, not a magistrate."—London Opinion.

The One Little Word.

Mrs. Quarrel sat looking into the fire. Presently she chuckled a little bit.

"What are you giggling at?" kindly inquired Mr. Quarrel.

"I was thinking of the time when you proposed. You told me to say that one little word that would make you happy for life."

"Yes, I remember, and you went and said the wrong word."

To His Personal Knowledge.

Colonel Bingham of Plainville was entertaining a visitor, and while giving him a drive about town in his buggy he showed him the principal objects of interest in the place.

"Over there," he said, pointing with his whip, "at the other end of that block, where there is a vacant piece of ground, we are going to put up a public building suitable for a town hall and to rent for lectures and other entertainments. It is to be paid for entirely by popular subscription, the public spirited citizens bearing the expense."

"You haven't done any digging for it yet, I see," remarked the visitor, looking in the direction indicated.

"Oh, yes," said the colonel, with a smile, "we have. I have had to dig up $500 for it myself."—Youth's Companion.

His Journey's End.

One cold wintry morning a man of tall and angular build was walking down a steep hill at a quick pace. A treacherous piece of ice under the snow caused him to lose control of his feet. He began to slide and was unable to stop.

At a cross street halfway down the decline he encountered a large, heavy woman, with her arms full of bundles. The meeting was sudden, and before either realized it a collision ensued, and both were sliding downhill, a grand ensemble—the thin man underneath, the fat woman and bundles on top. When the bottom was reached and the woman was trying in vain to recover her breath and her feet these faint words were borne to her ear:

"Pardon me, madam, but you will have to get off here. This is as far as I go."—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Strange Combat.

In the year 1361 a strange combat took place in Paris between a dog and a man. The dog, by his howlings, had drawn notice to the murdered and buried body of his master, M. de Montdidier. Shortly afterward, being confronted with a bitter enemy of the dog's former master, the Chevalier Macaire, the dog flew furiously at his throat. Suspicion was aroused against Macaire, and the king of France decided that an appeal to the "judgment of God" should be made by means of a duel between the dog and the enemy of the murdered man. The combat duly took place. The dog had an empty barrel into which he could retreat, while Macaire was armed with a stout cudgel. The result of the fight was the victory of Montdidier's faithful champion. Macaire was thrown down and in the presence of the king and court confessed his guilt.

A Prophet's Prophecy of His Death.

The noise of Nixon's predictions reached the ears of King James, who must needs see this fool. Nixon cried out and made much ado that he might not go to court, and the reason he gave was that he should starve. A whimsical fancy this was considered. The king, being informed of Nixon's refusal to go to court, said that he would take particular care that he should not starve and ordered him to be presented. He was sent for again, and soon after a messenger brought him from Cheshire. That he might be well provided for it was ordered that he should be kept in the kitchen, where he grew so troublesome in licking and picking the meat that the cooks locked him in a closet, and, the king going on a sudden from Hampton court to London, they forgot poor Nixon in the hurry, and he was really starved to death.—Reo Bennett in Metropolitan Magazine.

Charm Cheaply Broken.

The bride was showing off the contents of her china closet when a little dish slipped through her fingers and smashed on the floor. "Oh, dear," she sighed, "there go three of my nice new things!"

"Three!" exclaimed her friend. "How is that?"

"Why, don't you know you always break in threes, just as big fires come in threes? I never knew it to fail yet."

She looked ruefully at her pretty dishes and glassware. A few minutes later she was called to the kitchen, and while there the visitor heard two more smashes. The bride came back radiant.

"What luck!" she exclaimed. "I broke a milk bottle and a kitchen plate. My other things are safe now for awhile." —New York Press.

Meeting Eyebrows.

The person whose eyebrows meet may rest content in the knowledge that he is the possessor of a vigorous constitution. The growth of hair above the nose is, as a rule, a fairly sound proof of good health. That is what the scientists tell you, but the superstitious have much more to say.

In the northern part of Aberdeenshire there is a common belief that a "close broo't" man, or one whose eyebrows meet, is foredoomed to end a wicked career on the scaffold. This may be compared with the view held in parts of the English midlands that the close browed person is destined for fame and fortune.

On the continent there are several superstitions on this subject. The eyebrows of gypsies are often formed in this way, a fact which they turn to good account, for in many parts it is believed that the owner of meeting eyebrows is also the possessor of what is called the evil eye and therefore a person whose good will must at all costs be retained. The gypsies, especially in Germany and Austria, use this belief to extract considerable sums of money from the credulous peasants.—London Chronicle.

Stop that cough!

Nothing is superior for an obstinate cough than our WHITE PINE and TAR Cough Syrup. The reason for this is that it contains a small amount of Menthol which is an excellent antiseptic, is soothing and healing and gives the inflamed surfaces an opportunity to heal.

We have a large list of patrons who will use no other Cough Syrup. When in need, give us a trial.

C. E. NAILOR & CO.

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41. **Mail Orders Are Solicited.**

Some things at Less Than Half Price at Muskett's.

Wm. Ritchie was a Seattle visitor this week, returning Wednesday.

Theodore Brewster is home again after an extended absence up North.

Plenty of Cranberries at Quality Seevers', at 15c the qt. or 2 for 25c.

Nothing above cost price at the Times Clothing Mart during this Great Sale.

H. M. Fisher, Frank Merritt and Thos. T. Aldwell returned from Seattle Monday.

THE

Candy Castle

21 East Front Street

The Place to buy

FRESH

Candies

Fruits

Nuts, etc.

HANNAH DONAHUE

Proprietress.

Majestic range for sale cheap at Baker's.

Hear the new brass band at the skating rink Saturday night.

Heinz's Dill Pickels 7 for 15c and 1 Doz. for 25c at Quality Seevers'.

P. S. Gorman was a business visitor from Seattle the early week.

Go to Quality Seevers for "Pure" Maple Sap Syrup, from pints to gallons.

Elias Cays, son and nephew, were here yesterday on business, from Dungeness.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Aldwell will leave next month for a month's tour of California.

Ed Nailor has purchased an eighty dollar Celebrated Trombone for use in the new band.

D. G. Harvey left Sunday night for the East to meet Mrs. Harvey. He may be absent a year.

Sewing machines cleaned. W. Mathewson, Sr., Phone 118-2. If not home call Mathewson's Drug Store.

Clothing to order; fit guaranteed. 500 samples to choose from.
Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

Ladies wishing to learn to skate may do so in private at rink with instructors on Wednesday afternoons, 2:30 to 5:00.

The teachers of the Congregational Sunday school met with Miss Catherine Brant Wednesday and re-elected the officers of the past four months, as follows: Supt., Mrs. Trumbull; Asst., A. J. Cosser; Sec'y, Miss Cora Tillman; Treas., Miss Hazel Morse.

CITY NEWS

Quality Seevers, for all kinds of Heinz's pickles.

Come to the Times Clothing Mart and see the Great Cut in Prices.

Baker will exchange a new range for that old cook stove.

Everything cut down—prices marked in red figures. Times Clothing Mart.

Buy for cash and save money.
Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hansen, the latter formerly Miss Tyrrell, spent the early week here with the lady's parents.

Miss Mamie Knoph of Dungeness returned home last evening after a week's visit in the city with Miss Cora Tillman.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore H. Rixon will shortly remove to Port Angeles to remain. They are now looking for a furnished house.

Going to the Rink Saturday night? No show or dance in town. Better go early if you want skates. There will be a big crowd out.

I have the best 50c leather working gloves; muleskin back, hogskin face.
Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

"Vacuum Packed, Steel Cut" Java and Mocha Coffee—the new, modern, scientific and healthful process—for sale by Quality Seevers at 40c the pound, or 2 lbs. for 75c.

The best remedy for the recent epidemic of coughs and ore throats seems to be "NAILOR'S WHITE PINE." The menthol seems to do the work. See large adv. elsewhere.

Just Received

The Finest Line of Hosiery

we have ever carried. This is a line that will give more than satisfaction. Come in and see; you will be convinced these new goods are as we say.

Evening Waists

that are a comfort and a pride to the possessor. A new line, including everything from a dainty silk to the latest novelties in other goods.

A splendid line of Coats, Cloaks and Suits at the most attractive prices.

Muslins

In our underwear department we also have a splendid new line. The best goods for the money ever offered you.

Mrs. Phelps'

Dry Goods and Millinery

Best bed springs on earth at Baker's

Spring wagon for sale cheap at Baker's:

T. S. Brophy arrived Sunday from Seattle for a few days visit on business.

Operator Sutton of Port Crescent and Mrs. Sutton were visitors here Saturday.

Miss Stella McNutt of Olympia will hold services at the M. E. church Sunday, morning and evening.

The ladies aid of the M. E. church will hold a tea at Mrs Fulmer's next Wednesday from 2 to 5.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Ware came down from Seattle Monday for a visit with relatives and friends.

Barney Bitterwolf, one of Port Angeles' old time characters is back after an absence of several years.

Judge Still came down from Coupeville Sunday to remain until next Tuesday, holding the regular monthly term of court.

C. C. Henry has well under way a commodious new residence on his newly purchased property at the corner of Vine and Third streets.

The members of the "Whale Company" returned Monday last, having, it is reported, a hundred dollars each as a result of their venture.

Heavy Cotton Ribbed Underwear in brown, white and black, one dollar a suit.
Jim Knight,
The Man on the Corner.

Articles of incorporation were filed last week with the State Auditor of The Pacific Mercantile Company, of Dungeness. Capital $25,000. Incorporators F. E. Knight, J. E. Knight, Wm. Ritchie.

Rev. A. L. Loder, member of the Suffolk South Association of Congregational ministers, Boston, Mass., will preach here two Sundays more. Next Sabbath at 11 a. m., topic, "Moral Salt for the City." Topic for 7:30 p. m., "The Light of the World Shining in Korea."

The case of Rouse, et al. vs. The Pacific Logging & Timber Co., involving timber lands alleged to aggregate over one million dollars, is to be heard before Judge Srill on Monday next.

Parties having improved farms from 40 to 160 acres in the vicinity of Port Angeles to trade for Seattle improved real estate from $1500 to $10,000, notify us at once as we have some good propositions.
Pacific States Realty Company,
300-1-2 Epler Block, Seattle, Wn.

Mrs. C. W. Brewster was very agreeably surprised Wednesday afternoon at her home on 4th and Albert Sts. by the ladies of the Priscilla Club.

Mrs. Brewster received her guests in her usual gracious, hospitable manner, and all were made to feel at home. The afternoon was very pleasantly spent with conversation and needle work. Delicious refreshments were served, and all departed feeling honored to be numbered among Mrs. Brewster's many friends.

ALL THE WORLD

is a stage, and Ballard's Snow Liniment plays a most prominent part. It has no superior for Rheumatism, stiff joints, cuts, sprains, and all pains. Buy it, try it and you will always use it. Anybody who has used Ballard's Snow Liniment is a living proof of what it does. Buy a bottle. 25c, 50c, and $1.00.

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

120 Acres

Good level land very easy to clear, location good, wagon road to and partly through land, very cheap if sold quick. Also a 40 of same quarter will go with it if desired.

A 10 acres close in, good level land, partly cleared, in meadow, fruit trees, 1-room house.

Also for sale, two fine lots, in meadow, fruit trees.
M. T. Fuller,
Port Angeles, Wash., P. O. Box 255, Phone 92-3.

When you want

FISH

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

We can supply you with the best obtainable and invite you to Inspect our stock. We have

Salt Salmon,
Salt Herring,
Salt Black Cod,
Salmon Bellies,
Mackerel,
Smoked Salmon,
Smoked Halibut,
Smoked Herring,
Kippered Salmon,
Bloaterettes,
Canned Fish, Etc.

—o—

We sell

Eastern Oysters

—o—

Phone 49.

City Fish Market

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

The House of Quality

"The cup that cheers BUT Does not inebriate."

To make a good cup of tea it requires good tea as well as skill used in drawing

IN Bulk		
No. 1 Spider Leg Japan, per lb		60c
No. 2 Spider Leg Japan,	"	50c
No 3 Spider Leg Japan,	"	35c
No 1 Gunpowder Tea	"	50c
No 3 Gunpowder Tea	"	25c
Formosa Oolong Tea	"	70c
No 1 Ceylon Tea	"	50c
No 1 English Breakfast	"	30c

Tree Tea, Packages, per lb		60c
Schillings Best	"	60c
Lipton Tea	"	75c
Lipton Tea	1-2 lb	40c

The House of Quality

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

Landscape Gardening, Budding and Grafting, Pruning and Spraying

Grading lots, making lawns, flower beds, etc. Have your grounds in proper shape and the work of taking care of them will be nominal It will pay you well to have your old worthless fruit trees grafted to new and choice fruits. I am getting scions (or slips) from some of the best bearing trees in city and county and also from Pullman and other places to try here. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction or no charge.

J. G. MADLAND

Cor. 10th & Lincoln Sts., Port Angeles, Wash.

Wear your Tailor? TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1908

THE "set" of the clothes either makes or mars a man's personal appearance.

When you employ a tailor in whom you have confidence you put the matter of "right fitting" up to him and he takes the responsibility.

When you give us your order you are putting your case in the hands of our city tailors, Ed. V. Price & Company, and that is all the guarantee you need to insure a perfect fit over your form.

For a reasonable price we will have them make your suit over your measure and we will guarantee style, absolute fit, shape that holds and iron-like wear.

It's a treat just to look at our new Fall woolens as well as a pleasure to show them to you. Won't you call today?

COPYRIGHT 1907 ED. V. PRICE & CO.

CHAS. A. FILION

Opposite Post Office, Port Angeles. **REPRESENTATIVE**

DO NOT FORGET

When you order Trees and Plants for the Family Orchard to include some Peach Trees and Grape Vines. We have varieties that do well in this part of the country.

FOR PARTICULARS WRITE US

Engvolsen Nursery Co.

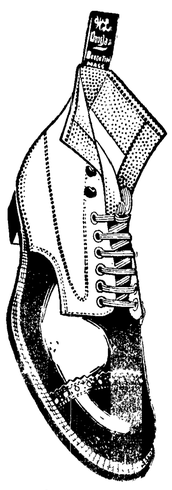
9th, Peabody and Chase streets,
Port Angeles, Wash.

OUR ANNUAL

CLEARANCE SALE

OF

FOOT WEAR



Will commence January 12 and continue to February 1st, 1908. We will offer at this sale the best bargains in Slippers, Shoes and Rubber Boots. We must raise $2,000.00 in three weeks and shall therefore offer these goods at a great bargain.

Ladies' House Felt Slippers, price 85c, now closing out for	$ .55
Ladies' Fancy Fur trimmed, cloth or leather top, hand turned, these are selling from $1.50 to 2.00 a pair, your choice for	$1.15
Men,s hand turned House Slippers in Tan or Black Kid or Felt, price $1.50 to $1.75 a pair, your choice for	$1.15
Misses Rubber Boots closing out for	.95
Ladies' Rubber Boots closing out for	1.25
Boy's Rubber Boots closing out for	2.00
Men's Rubber Boots closing out for	3.00
Men's Snag proof, knee boot a $4.25 boot for	$3.75
Men's Snag proof, hip or thigh, a $6.00 boot for	$4.95

Everything will be sold at a BARGAIN at this SALE. Don't miss it but CALL or SEND in your MAIL ORDER. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

ALF. A. DAVIS

Port Angeles, Wn. **THE SHOE MAN**

McKEE & LaFLOWER

Funeral Directors AND Embalmers

C. F. MERRITT, Manager City Office

Phones: LaFlower 108; McKee 105; City Office 7.

LADY ATTENDANTS

WORLD WATCHES THE BIG PACIFIC FLEET.

Greatest Naval Fighting Strength Under Flag for the Long Cruise.

FLOWER OF AMERICAN NAVY.

Movement Is Significant, Marking Transfer of Theater of Action from the Atlantic.

Not since the war with Spain has there been such a tense feeling in naval circles as that which marked the preparations for the departure of the great fleet, under Admiral Evans, for the Pacific. All the vessels which were to be a part of this greatest naval demonstration in our history assembled at Hampton Roads.

The President's yacht, the Mayflower, swung into historic Hampton Roads bearing President Roosevelt and the high officials of the Navy Department. Promptly sixteen huge battleships of the United States navy dressed ship and began firing the President's salute of twenty-one guns each. The Mayflower came to anchor in the roadway. Gigs and cutters put out from each battleship bearing the flag officers to the Mayflower, where they were received on deck by President Roosevelt and his official party. On their return to their ships the Mayflower hoisted anchor and proceeded down the roads toward the entrance. Here the little yacht stood out of the roadway while the same sixteen battleships passed by her, decks and fighting tops dressed and roaring from their guns another President's salute.

Bands aboard ship played the national airs. This was the farewell to the commander-in-chief of the army and navy to the American battleship squadrons, which then began their cruise to the Pacific ocean.

The torpedo flotilla had already started, as its progress is so much slower than that of the battleships that two weeks more will be consumed than by the latter in the journey toward their destination—San Francisco.

All the navy yards of the Atlantic coast have been busy for weeks in fitting out the ships. At Brooklyn, New York, Boston, Norfolk, Philadelphia and Charleston painters, carpenters and machinists have participated in the great activity. High up on the smokestacks the paint brushes were moving back and forth and the sound of hammers and saws has been ceaseless. Nor has there been any chance for idling by the enlisted men. The powder magazines have had to be filled and the quantities which have been taken aboard have caused some spectators to wonder what it is all about. The large supply of ammunition is necessary because of the project to have target practice on the long journey. Then also there will be many salutes to fire and these will eat up thousands of dollars' worth of powder. Furthermore, in case an emergency should arise while the fleet is in distant waters there will be no lack of ammunition. No such emergency is expected, but the fleet "will keep its powder dry" while trusting in divine Providence.

Greatest Fighting Strength.

The fleet which Admiral Evans takes to the Pacific includes all the new battleships and the best armored cruisers. It is the flower of the American navy, far superior to that which destroyed the Spanish fleet nine years ago. The Louisiana carries the largest crew—950 officers and men. The Connecticut, which is the flagship, is the finest ship of the navy, costing $4,600,000. Among the other battleships are the Alabama, Georgia, Kansas, Virginia, Minnesota, Ohio, Rhode Island, Kentucky and Vermont. In all there are 32 battleships and armored cruisers, besides the flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers, repair and supply ships. The battleships upon arrival in the Pacific will do the United States full honor.

The date of arrival at Rio Janeiro is Jan. 11, 1908, and the day of departure ten days later. Here the crews will be alolwed shore leave. Leaving Rio Janeiro on Jan. 21, the fleet will proceed slowly to Punta Arenas, or Sand Point, where it is due to arrive on Jan. 31.

Punta Arenas is the last stop before rounding the Horn, and five days will be passed here in coaling from colliers hired by the government. The distance of this leg is 2,230 knots. On Feb. 5 the fleet will round the Horn, regarded by all naval officers as the most dangerous point in the trip, and Feb. 28, it is due at Callao, Peru, 2,850 knots from Punta Aretas. Another stop of ten days will be made at this point for coal and shore leave.

The last leg of the trip which is fixed as to dates calls for the departure from Callao on Feb. 28 for Magdalena bay, Mexico, where the United States has maintained a target practice station for several years. Magdalena bay is on the peninsula of Lower California, 3,012 knots from Callao and 1,000 knots from San Francisco. Here the fleet will remain at least a month engaged in target practice. Upon the completion of this work it will sail for San Francisco, where it is expected to arrive about the middle of April or the 1st of May.

On the journey around the Horn the battleships will pass the second torpedo boat flotilla, which sailed for the Pacific on Dec. 2, and at San Francisco, if not at Magdalena bay, it will be joined by the armored cruiser squadrons under Rear Admiral Stockton and Sebree, consisting of the cruisers Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Maryland and Colorado and the California, South Dakota, Tennessee and Washington, the later two ships now nearing their destination after a trip around the Horn. In addition the battleship Nebraska, which has just been commissioned, will join the fleet as well as the protected cruisers Charleston, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the gunboat Yorktown.

Battle drill will occupy the time of the fleet for some days, no complete fleet of the American navy having been trained in sea evolutions in recent years.

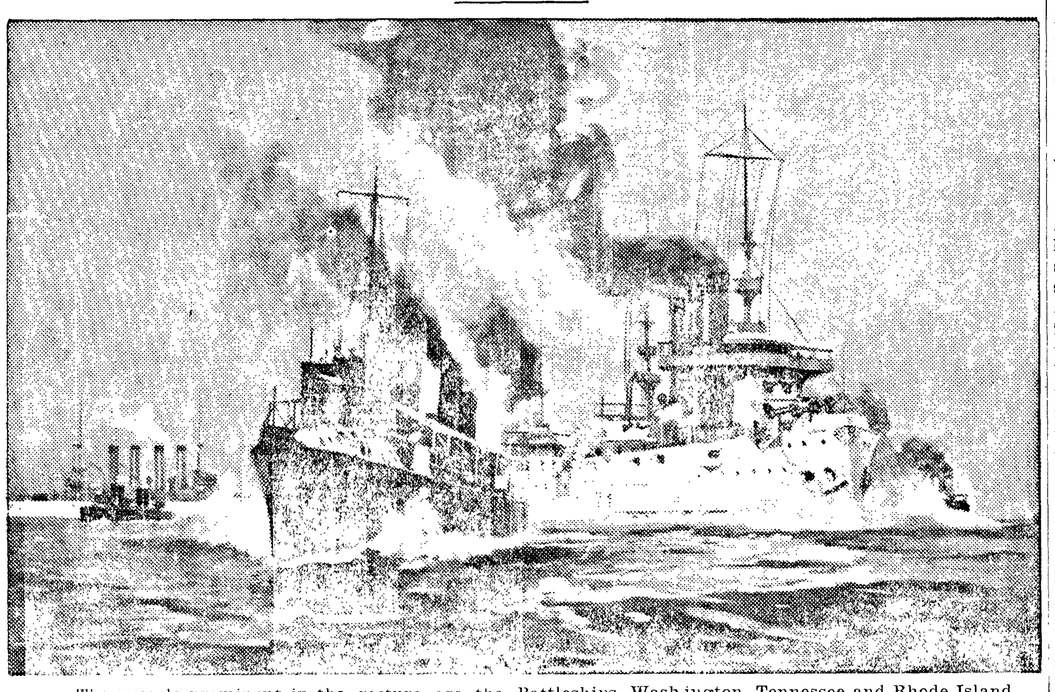
In all probability a part of the fleet at least will visit Puget Sound before returning to the Atlantic coast again. No plans have been made for the return of the fleet beyond the expressed determination of the President that it shall return at some future date.

ADMIRAL EVANS.

"GOOD-BY, BOB; TAKE KE'ER YOURSELF."

—Chicago Inter Ocean.

THE GREAT AMERICAN PACIFIC SQUADRON.



The vessels prominent in the picture are the Battleships Washington, Tennessee and Rhode Island, and a Torpedo Boat Destroyer.

Bell Airship Launched.

The successful launching of Dr. Alexander Graham Bell's recently completed airship took place a few days ago at Baddeck, Nova Scotia. The ship is built up of 3,050 unit tetahedrons, which are so disposed as to make the ship itself one great tetahedron, which has for its base the top of the machine, 13 meters in length. The several units are covered on two of their sides with silk. The total surface thus exposed is over 2,000 square feet. The motor used is of the Curtis type, four cylinders, 20 horse-power. It weighs 120 pounds, which brings the total weight of the ship up to 290 pounds. Owing to a snowstorm in progress at the time of launching, no attempt was made to fly the machine. While Dr. Bell has great faith in the success of his invention, he does not assume to have entirely solved the problem of aerial flight.

Jews to Protect Their Rights.

Representative Hebrews from all parts of the country met at New York to organize a committee or central bureau to which applications for relief or intervention may be sent by any members of their race whose civil or religious rights may have been interfered with in any country throughout the world. Delegates to the bureau will be in proportion to the population.

WILL ADD TO MISERY OF A HARD WINTER.

European Labor Leaders Alarmed Over Increase in Homecoming Contingent.

STEAMSHIPS ARE LOADED DOWN

Hundreds of Destitute Aliens Wandering Streets of Paris on Verge of Destitution.

The increasing contingents of homecoming Italians, Lithuanians and other Mediterranean steerage passengers are disconcerting not only to the steamship companies, who have inadequate facilities for dealing with such a sudden and unexpected traffic, but to the labor leaders of Europe, who deny that these newcomers have sufficient money to pass the winter without working, and declare that they will thus add to the misery of what is sure to be a hard winter among the European working classes.

The figures given by the French labor bureau as to the returning emigrants are corroborated by Nicholas Martin, agent of the American line, who says that all the steerage capacity of every vessel has been taken until Feb. 1, while thousands more will be unable to return to Europe before spring. If this keeps up, a Paris correspotdent says, some special measures must be taken to repatriate the hordes of disappointed adventurers, for the ordinary means are insufficient.

"To my knowledge several hundred of more or less destitute aliens are wandering in the streets of Paris on the verge of starvation, and the prefecture police books will probably multiply this figure by three," said one of the officials at the ministry of works to the correspondent. "The best we can do is to expedite their return to their native countries. Something like half of them have no more money than is barely sufficient to pay their fare."

Never since the first ship sailed out of New York harbor has there been anything like the present exodus of emigrants from that port. Day by day the crowds clamoring for transportation abroad grow greater, with no prospect of their reduction in numbers.

WORK OF IRRIGATION.

New Plans Adopted Contemplate Many Improvements.

In the irrigation division of the Agricultural Department the three main lines of work will be, as heretofore, dissemination of practical information, scientific and technical investigations, and reporting on irrigation conditions in certain districts. In view of the fact that probably about 5,000,000 acres of land provided with water for irrigation will be available for settlement at the close of 1908, it is believed that in no other way can more good be done than in supplying practical information through publications and expert advice to the new settlers on this land, and it is therefore deemed advisable to broaden the scope of this work so as to make it valuable to every class of farmers dependent upon irrigation and to every project, whether public or private.

The scientific and technical investigations will be a continuation and extension of what has already been done. Prominent features of the work will be to determine what becomes of the large quantity of water which is annually spread over cropped soils, involving a study of evaporation, seepage and distribution of losses, with a view to securing higher economy in the use of water; the relation of irrigation water to quantity and quality of crop and the adaptation of methods to different soils and crops, and a study of the more technical features of the measurement, conveyance, storage and distribution of water on farms, and the various devices used for pumping.

In the study of irrigation conditions in different localities emphasis is to be laid especially on possible improvements of present methods which will lead to a more economical use of water.

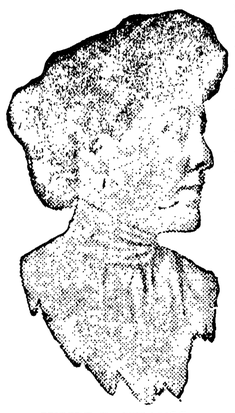
Can Copper Be Made?

That the recent experiments of Sir William Ramsay, the English chemist, are not likely to result in the artificial manufacture of copper is the conclusion of President Ira Remsen, who recently made an address on the subject before the Scientific Association of the Johns Hopkins university at Baltimore. Dr. Remsen said that the experiments in question indicated that the substance we call copper, and which we have hitherto regarded as a stable elementary form of matter is capable of undergoing a very slight decomposition, but while it is possible that a minute quantity of the element lithium can be obtained from copper by the action of radium emanation, the change is very slight, and it does not seem probable that any method can be devised by which it can be markedly increased.

According to the report of the New York State Commission on Lunacy, the total number of persons confined in institutions for the insane in that State is 26,357. This is a proportion of about one to every 300 of the population. The indications are that insanity has been steadily on the increase since 1897. While the percentage of foreign born to the population is 26, the percentage of foreign-born insane is 46. Insane patients of Irish and German nativity are on the decrease, while those of Russia, Austria-Hungary and Italy are increasing.

REALLY GREAT PEOPLE NEVER SEEK FAME.

The American people have a passion for notoriety. They wish t known for something, and to excel in something, even in having the infirmity cured. This may be the result of that fallacious doctrine tha men are born free and equal. Every Amer wants to "be somebody;" he wants to receive tice.



JULIET V. STRAUSS.

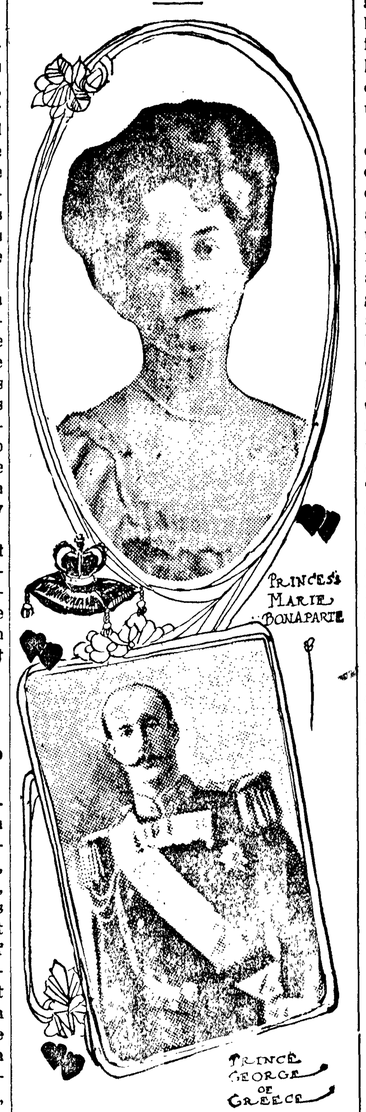
The instability of classes in our country l the ignorant to aspire to strange things. To their names in a paper is the dream of many ple, and to reach the dazzling height of hav their pictures in the daily print would alm tempt some of them to commit a crime.

This love of notoriety is scarcely cheaper t the passion for celebrities. Everybody cannot a celebrity, so the next best thing seems to be know noted people. Our list of noted acquai ances, or, better still, distinguished relatives, our social legal tender, and we count them as t Eskimo numbers his fishhooks. The most dista consanguinity or the most far-fetched acquaintan is polished up on state occasions and worn as sort of invisible halo of importance.

People seem to forget that the glory of fame is never reflected. It only dwarfs those who stan nearest, and the man who has broken his neck to entertain a great state man, or celebrity of any sort, instead of absorbing any of his distinguish guest's mental qualities, has only risen to the level of a caterer who ha ministered to the gastronomic requirements of some more important fello mortal.

The happiest people in the world are those who never had an am bition beyond quiet respectability; who like old friends and neighbors bette than new luminaries in the list of distinguished people.—Juliet V. Strauss, i Chicago Journal.

BRIDAL LINGERIE COST $80,000.



The civil marriage of Prince George of Greece, second son of the king of Greece, and high commissioner for the powers in Crete, and Princess Marie Bonaparte, whose trousseau has been the talk of Paris, took place at the Mairie at Passy in the French capital. The equal of the bride's trousseau has not been seen in Paris since the advent of the third republic. There are sixty-five different costumes, a dozen hats, a profusion of costly furs and sables, acres of linens and piles of dainty lingerie. The lingerie alone cost $80,000.

INDIAN RIVER PIRATES.

How They Disguise Their Real Purpose—Make Some Big Hauls.

There is little doubt that the gentry responsible for the long series of crimes and offenses against river-bound trade are in every sense of the word pirates. There are several gangs, whose methods are known to the police, and of these four stand out prominently. The first is known as the Bunphur gang, otherwise Umllas, who hail from Gya and Benares.

These men are all Hindus. They swoop down from the upper reaches of the river and hire or purchase a large passenger dinghy, generally a green boat. Eight, sometimes ten, of the gang pose as oarsmen, and in addition a considerable number travel inside the deckhouse to personate passengers. A license is procured and the arrangements are complete. The spots selected for operation are generally lonely places in the river.

When coming into Calcutta from a distance, loaded cargo boats frequently have to anchor for the night or to await the change of the tide. No watch is kept, except, perhaps, in rare instances, and the pirates range alongside and demand their booty. This is frequently delivered up without a struggle. But even when resistance is offered the victims are invariably taken unawares and are not in a position to withstand for any length of time the powerful and always numerous assailants. The latter, moreover, are always armed—the weapons being anything from a lathi to a dao; and in some cases guns have been know to be used.

The Bunphur gang sometimes impersonate a police patrol. One of their number sits on a deckhouse, and whe a lively-looking boat is encountere hails the crew and demands certai information, and before the boatme know quite what is happening they ar overpowered and terrorized into givin up whatever is demanded of them.

A second gang is known as the Fishermen gang, and these ruffians conduct their operations in a fishing boat complete with nets and fishing appliances. As they really engage in fishing they could deceive anybody. They wait for nightfall and then go alongside an anchored boat and make some request, generally for fire. If they find the crew awake and on the alert they sheer off, but if the boatmen are asleep they commit the dacoity. This crowd as a rule go about unarmed and do not show fight. Similar to these are the members af the Dome gang, so called they are comprised of low-bred Mohammedans, Domes and low-caste Hindus. The fourth lot are the Bumboat gang, and these men represent themselves to be river hawkers of provisions, fruit, vegetables, etc. They include Hindus and Mohammedans, and are, like the Bunphurs, inclined to violence when resisted.

The Bunphurs are recognized as being the most dangerous of these river pirates. They have a completely and efficiently organized intelligence branch, an elaborate system for disposing of stolen property, and when pressed do not hesitate at actually taking life. Detection is an extremely difficult matter, as in most cases before intelligence is received that they are on the move they have actually swooped down on their prey and retired with their spoils into some lonely creek or backwater in the river, or, as they have been known to do in some cases, abandoned their boat and taken to cover on shore. —Madras Mail.

NEW INVENTIONS OF NOTE.

Hen that Will Not Scratch and Pig that Never Runs Away.

It may have escaped the attention of the people, but it is nevertheless a fact that the last summer has been extraordinarily fruitful in inventions. says Judge.

A farmer of New Egypt, N. J., applying the methods of Wizard Burbank to the poultry yard, has evolved a scratchless hen which promises to revolutionize fancy gardening.

The New Egypt hen is set up on the usual hen plan, with this difference: One leg is two inches shorter than the other. By reason of this shortage one side of the hen goes at a slower pace than the other, which has the effect of producing a curvature in her locomotion. In other words, this hen, starting for the freshly seeded garden in a direct line, as hens will, finds herself mysteriously shunted aside. When she thinks she has arrived at the garden she is most mightily mistaken, for she has merely gone the circle and arrived back at her own doorstep. Simple as this idea is and effectual in curbing the nomadic propensities of the hen, the clever invention has lain dormant in the human brain for all these countless million years. A mere two-inch diversity in the underpinning circularizes the motion of the hen for time and eternity.

A man in Pugwash, Me., has hit upon an idea so like that of the New Egypt man that they might almost pass for the same. The Pugwash man has succeeded in breeding what he calls the fenceless pig. This is a pig with one eye eliminated, and it is found that the single optic affects the pig just as the short leg affects the hen. Each tends in a circular course and consequently never wanders far from home. The invention is said to be worth millions to the Western farmers and herders, doing away entirely with the necessity for fences.

At the Opening.

"I picked out just the gown I want, at the opening yesterday,'" said Mrs. Fox, minutely describing a Paris creation.

"Oh, I saw that gown," said Fox, as a happy thought struck him; "it was 'sold.'"

"Of course," assented Mrs. Fox, "it was sold to me!"—Detroit Free Press.

When a man boasts that his life is an open book, he had better scratch wood. Someone might look into it.

We Hear of More Cures

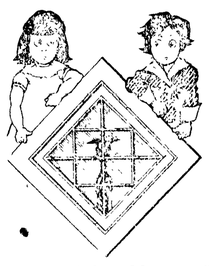
Of troubles originating in impure blood, scrofula, loss of appetite, catarrh, rheumatism, by Hood's Sarsaparilla than by all other so-called remedies combined. Somehow those cured by Hood's seem to stay cured, and they gladly tell the good news to others.

Scrofula Sore—"My wife had a scrofulous sore on her leg for years. Many different medicines gave but little benefit. She turned to Hood's Sarsaparilla and the sore quickly healed. It is a good blood medicine." J. N. DAFT, Crosby, Texas.

Afflicted 16 Years—"Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of scrofula, with which I have been troubled 16 years, and caused by vaccination. My little daughter had scrofula swelling on her neck and Hood's Sarsaparilla also cured her." MRS. NORA HUGHEY, Hughey, Tennessee.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold everywhere. In the usual liquid, or in tablet form called **Sarsatabs.** 100 Doses One Dollar. Prepared only by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

ONLY $1.00



This ornamental gable sash frame only $2.10. The sash alone price only $1.10; the frame a price only $1.00. These ga and frames add greatly to th ance of a hall-way or gable i and our price, as you will very reasonable indeed, and less than half the price ask ordinary dealers. We are t makers and sell more gable frames than any other dea Northwest, and in our pric enumerate, illustrate and great many different kinds of piano sash, hall sash sash, windows, doors, etc., t at wholesale prices direct that wants the material. agents and guarantee safe your nearest railway sta for price lists at once, an lowest possible wholesale

O. B. WILLIAMS
1010 W

GOL WE COFF TEA S BAKING EXTR JUST A TRIAL WIL CLOSSET PORTLA

All the colleges students. Dartmo of the most vigor tutions in the E away nearly a hu have qualified for colleges, almost a prove inadequate of youths seeking is no better sign ity of our count

FILES CURE PAZO OINTMEN any case of Itch Protruding Pile money refunded days. ed to cure leeding or 4 days or

Pedestrian the roads are forty years ag and tear of f matter of gr they are no w

Borax, Nature an ant, Cleanser

Everyone r some method drains and u the germ of Health is and preventio Most peopl of disinfecta —all of whi associated w which are de contagion (w necessity be ous charact this purpose quence mus careless har There is, all of our re

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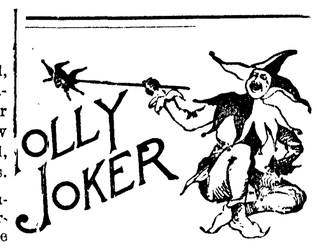
ider Matthews has suc- icing simplified spelling University, but for the go on spelling its name instead of changing it



Mrs. Justwed—How do you like those ings? Mrs. Justwed—I think the aler handed you a lemon.

Perimer—The critics roasted your ook, didn't they? Scriblet—Yes; but t enough to insure its success.—Life.

"We've lost our cook again." "That's r happened to me." "Is that so? How did you manage it?" "I married her."—Detroit Free Press.

"Madam, beware of a man with black eyes." "Huh! he ain't dangerous! That's my husband; I gave him them eyes last night."—Houston Post.

He—How can I repay you for that delightful waltz? She (whose train has uered)—Oh, don't repay me, settle th my dressmaker.—Ally Sloper.

Daughter—Father went off in a good mor this morning. Mother—My! hat reminds me. I forgot to ask him r any money.—Christian Advocate.

Miss Rosy—George says he admires me because I am the picture of health. Miss Pale—Yes; the silly fellow was always crazy for anything hand-painted.

"He's a wonderful actor." "Think so?" "Yes. Notice how passionately he makes love to the leading lady in the last act?" "Yep." "Well, she's his wife."—Cleveland Leader.

"With $100,000," said the man of expansive ideas, "I could make a fortune in Wall street." "Yes," rejoined the piker, "but whose fortune would you make?"—Washington Star.

"Yes; I am going to marry Mr. Bullion." "Why, he is old enough to be your father!" "I know he is, but, unfortunately, he doesn't seem to care for mother."—Courier-Journal.

"My daughter is going to marry a millionaire." "Isn't that nice? Who is he, and when is the wedding to be?" "I don't know yet. She's just joined the chorus."—Detroit Free Press.

"What is your idea of classical music?" "Well," answered Miss Cumrox, "as I understand it, a classical piece is written by some one whose name is very hard to pronounce."—Washington Star.

Husband — What! Another new dress? Wife—Well, don't be so cross. I bought it with my own money! Husband—Your own? Where did you get it from? Wife—I sold your fur coat.—Bocia.

"Yes," remarked Farmer Corntossel, "my boy, Josh, gets a good deal o' fun out of automobiling." "But he doesn't own a machine." "Of course not. He's one o' the county constables."—Washington Star.

Law is not so harsh as it used to be. For instance, in the time of Henry VIII football was a crime, while now it is seldom regarded as anything more than a more or less fatal misdemeanor.—Indianapolis News.

Clara—Of course, one of the annoying things about moving into a new neighborhood is the idle curiosity of some neighbors—— Mabel — That doesn't bother me as much as the busy curiosity of the others.

"I suppose," remarked the dear girl, "that you do not believe in love at first sight?" "Oh, yes, I do," rejoined the old bachelor. "If men were gifted with second sight they would never fall in love."—London Opinion.

Gabriel—I have blown my trumpet three times and nobody pays any attention to it. Israel—That's strange. "Isn't it? People just make a hasty jump for the curbstone, and then look to see which way the auto went."—Cleveland Leader.

"You never can tell," observed Uncle Allen Sparks, "what lasting results may be accomplished by an earnest word spoken at the right time. Many a man has had the shape of his nose changed for life by calling another man a liar."—Chicago Tribune.

Mr. Gailey—Somebody's stolen our dog again. That's a d—— Mrs. Gailey (hastily interrupting)—George! George! Don't swear about it. Mr. Gailey—Who's swearing? I was just going to say it's a dog-gone big relief.—Philadelphia Press.

"I suppose you go to the city at least once a year," said the summer boarder. "I used tew," replied the old farmer, "but I ain't been thar fer nigh onto three years neow. Since we got rural free delivery I kin git buncoed jist as well by mail, b'gosh!"—Chicago News.

A lot of poor children were at a farm. The farmer gave them some milk to drink, the product of a prize cow. "How do you like it?" he asked, when they had finished. "Gee, it's fine!" said one little fellow, who added after a thoughtful pause. "I wish our milkman kept a cow!"—Cardiff Times.

"Better send an inspector down to see what's the matter with this man's meter," said the cashier in the gas company's office to the superintendent. "Oh!" began the superintendent, "we throw complaints about meters ——" "This is no complaint. He sends a check for the amount of his bill and says it's 'very reasonable.'"—Catholic Standard and Times.

Let an unmarried man tell a widow that his life would have been different had he met a woman like her earlier in life, and she will do the rest, if she wants him.

It Quiets the Cough

This is one reason why Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is so valuable in consumption. It stops the wear and tear of useless coughing. But it does more—it controls the inflammation, quiets the fever, soothes, heals. Ask your doctor about this.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Hasten recovery by keeping the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills.

Maple Mousse.

Maple mousse is made from four eggs, one cupful of maple syrup and one pint of cream. Beat the yolks of the eggs light and then whip them into the sirup. Put in a double boiler, and when very hot allow it to remain over the fire ten minutes longer. Take off and beat until frothy. After it is cool add the beaten whites of the eggs and cream, well whipped. Freeze in the same manner as for ice cream.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Stewed Tripe.

One pound fresh tripe, one cup tomatoes, one pint boiling water, one onion finely chopped, salt and pepper to taste, one tablespoon Worcestershire sauce.

Cut the tripe into small pieces. Add the tomato, boiling water, onion, salt and pepper and cook until the tripe is tender, then add the Worcestershire sauce. Potatoes may be cut up and cooked with this if desired.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The persimmon crop has been unusually large this year, but a lot of the gentlemen who do business in Wall street seem to have mislaid their poles.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

A Boston cook who has made a quarter of a million pies and 2,000,000 doughnuts wants a pension. The manufacturers of dyspepsia remedies ought to see that she gets it.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

The value of the Mississippi in saving the Union appears to have been soon forgotten by the people of the great valley, who, like children with a new plaything, when they got railroads, abandoned the river, and after the close of the war, in which it figured so potentially, it was not called into notice until the opening of its mouth to great ships suggested its possible great value.

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

acts gently yet promptly on the bowels, cleanses the system effectually, assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently. To get its beneficial effects buy the genuine.

Manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SELLING DRUGGISTS-50¢ per BOTTLE

S N U No. 3— 1908

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

TRUMPET CALLS.

Ram's Horn Sounds a Warning Note to the Unredeemed.

"If I rest, I rust;" therefore work I must.

The telling of one little falsehood is all that is necessary to make a man a liar.

The cross was clouded over once. For nineteen hundred years it has been bathed in light.

Two-faced people are never double-brained.

The broken pinion may be the means to higher heights. Infirmities may be God's way to glory.

When a man goes from bad to worse, the devil bids him farewell at one place and welcomes him at the other.

The only thing that can be said against some men is that they are poor, but most of them came by it honestly.

You cannot go to heaven on a nickel a week, if you have more to give. If you haven't, you can get through on less.

If it is a man's duty to go to church, there will be many who will have "sleeping on duty" charged against them.

The success of Jesus was not in His fame, nor even in his embellished character; it was in His suffering and His cross.

Perhaps the reason some men do not open the door when opportunity knocks is they think it is just another bill collector.

The justice of God has unwittingly been the stumbling block of the race, and only one hand to-day can roll away the stone.

It is better for people to wear long faces because they haven't any religion, than to wear long faces because they are afraid they would not be considered religious if they didn't.

OVER ST. ANTHONY FALLS.

Anthony Aspinatis, a 17-year-old Chicago boy, went over St. Anthony Falls recently, and lives to tell the tale. His perilous trip was involuntary, says a writer in the St. Paul Pioneer Press. Aspinatis arrived in Minneapolis one Monday morning from Chicago, and at once sought work. He finally agreed with an employment agency to go to Carrett, Mont., as a teamster. He was not to start until the next morning, and so had the rest of the day and evening to see the town.

After wandering about for some time he strolled down to the river-bank. Near the Union Station, on the west bank of the river, he saw a pile of logs touching the bank. He scrambled over these to the outer edge and sat down on two small logs. Before he noticed it they were floating, and he could not reach those still firmly attached to the shore.

The boy realized that he was being swept along by a strong current, but did not realize his full peril. He sat straddling the logs, and paddled with his hands and feet against the current, but to no advantage. The logs were swept into the center of the stream and over the falls.

When Anthony saw that he was going over the great falls he leaned forward and grasped the logs firmly in his arms. Over the apron he shot, head foremost, and down the steep incline into the turbulent rapids below. He clung desperately to the logs, but kept his head, and watched alertly for a chance to save himself.

In the center of the stream, between the falls and a bridge, is a small, rocky bit of land known as Spirit Island. The boy saw it, and decided to swim for it. He attempted to remove his coat, but while trying to do so was thrown by the boiling rapids from the logs to which he had clung, and was unable to recover them. Pedestrians on the bridge had seen him going through the rapids, although none saw him shoot the falls. The police were at once notified, and hastened to his rescue in the police-boat.

Aspinatis is believed to be the only person who has shot St. Anthony Falls and lived.

Didn't Like His Own Remedy.

"One way to restore confidence is to pay your little bills," said the stout man. "It encourages your grocer and your butcher and puts money into circulation."

The little man edged forward.

"By the way," he said to the stout man, "there's that small account of ours. I wonder if you can't let me have——"

But the stout man had moved his hand to an imaginary acquaintance and then hurried round the corner.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

And She So Pretty.

"She declares she'll never go to that photographer again; she says he's just hateful."

"My! I wonder what the trouble was?"

"I think he insulted her by not offering to put one of her photographs in his showcase."—Philadelphia Press.

Some of It Otherwise.

"Do you believe a war with Japan would be a holy war?"

"Well, not wholly." — Baltimore American.

The mills of the gods grind rapidly when a frenzied financier is employed to adjust the machinery.

St. JACOBS OIL CONQUERS PAIN

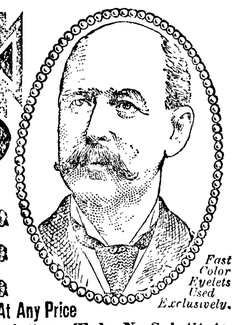
25c.—ALL DRUGGISTS—50c.

FOR STIFFNESS, SORENESS, SPRAIN OR BRUISE, NOTHING IS BETTER THAT YOU CAN USE; LUMBAGO'S PAIN, RHEUMATIC TWINGE, YOUR BACK FEELS LIKE A RUSTY HINGE; SCIATIC ACHES ALL PLEASURES SPOIL, FOR HAPPINESS USE ST. JACOBS OIL.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50

SHOES AT ALL PRICES, FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world to-day.

Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

W. L. Douglas $4 and $5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price

CAUTION. W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The H. F. NORTON CO. HIDES, LEATHER and SHOE FINDINGS . .

Prompt Cash Returns for Consignments of Hides, Pelts, Wool and Furs at Full Market Value. Write for price list and shipping tags to Department B.

206 Third Avenue South . . . SEATTLE, WASH.

An incident which shows how secure women have made their place in the industrial structure of the times has lately occurred in Rhode Island. A woman who had worked for a single great manufacturing concern for thirty-five years was discharged for causes which her fellow workers, men as well as women, believed to be unjust. The whole power of the trade union, involving all the 5,000 employes, of both sexes, was brought to bear, to secure a fair hearing for this one working woman.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Women farmers are said to be increasing rapidly in the New England States. If the profits from farming keep on growing at the present rate it will not be long before titled foreigners will be coming over in droves to try their luck in New England.

The Mississippi may be the father of waters, but every Congressman knows who their uncle is.

Tikcets to and from Europe

ALL LINES

For lowest rates and information write or call for Folder E.

The Chilberg Agency

New York Block, 709 2d Av., Seattle

WANTED—Men and women to learn watchmaking, engraving and optics; thorough and complete course; individual instruction; graduates assisted to positions. Write for particulars. Seattle Watchmaking, Engraving and Optical School, Room 1, Kinnear Bldg., 4th and Pike, Seattle.

Write us about banking by mail

4% Paid on Savings Accounts

Scandinavian Commercial & Savings Bank Tacoma

O. GRANRUD, Pres. W. H. PRINGLE, Cash.

BEWARE OF CHEAP TEETH CONTAINING CHEAP PINS.

In the making of dental plates the teeth are fastened to the plate by means of pins. This method has now become of immense importance to you because on account of the high price of platinum it is not possible to make teeth as cheaply as a few years ago. Many manufacturers of teeth have substituted nickel and copper or nickel steel for platinum. These metals are all affected in the mouth because of the acids present. They call it "Platinac," "Nickelite," etc. I guarantee every tooth I use to contain pins of pure platinum, the only metal that can be and is used in first-class teeth.

Cheap pins cost but $0.25 per pound. Platinum pins, the kind I use, cost $4.80 per pound.

DR. S. R. WAGONER, Dentist, 303-304 Johnston Building, Corner Third Av. and University St., Main 4147. Seattle.

HOWARD R. BURTON, Assayer and Chemist, Leadville, Colorado. Specimen Prices; Gold, Silver, Lead, $1.00; Gold, Silver 75c; Gold, 50c; Zinc or Copper, $1. Cyanide Tests. Mailing Envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire Work solicited. Reference: Carbonate National Bank.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

NO LIMIT TO ITS POWERS FOR EVIL

Contagious Blood Poison has brought more suffering, misery and humiliation into the world than all other diseases combined; there is hardly any limit to its powers for evil. It is the blackest and vilest of all disorders, wrecking the lives of those unfortunate enough to contract it and often being transmitted to innocent offspring, a blighting legacy of suffering and shame. So highly contagious is the trouble that innocent persons may contract it by using the same table ware, toilet articles or clothing of one in whose blood the treacherous virus has taken root. Not only is it a powerful poison but a very deceptive one. Only those who have learned by bitter experience know by the little sore or ulcer, which usually makes its appearance first, of the suffering which is to follow. It comes in the form of ulcerated mouth and throat, unsightly copper colored spots, swollen glands in the groin, falling hair, offensive sores and ulcers on the body, and in severe cases the finger nails drop off, the bones become diseased, the nervous system is shattered and the sufferer becomes an object of pity to his fellow man. Especially is the treacherous nature of Contagious Blood Poison, shown when the infected person endeavors to combat the poison with mercury and potash. These minerals will drive away all outward symptoms of the troubles for a while, and the victim is deceived into the belief that he is cured. When, however, the treatment is left off he finds that the poison has only been driven deeper into the blood and the disease reappears, and usually in worse form because these strong minerals have not only failed to remove the virus from the blood but have weakened the entire system because of their destructive action. S. S. S. is she only real and certain cure for Contagious Blood Poison. It is made of a combination of healing blood-purifying roots, herbs and barks, the best in Nature's great laboratory of forest and field. We offer a reward of $1,000 for proof that S. S. S. contains a particle of mineral in any form. S. S. S. goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and by cleansing the blood of every particle of the virus and adding rich, healthful qualities to this vital fluid, forever cures this powerful disorder. So thoroughly does S. S. S. cleanse the circulation that no signs of the disease are ever seen again, and offspring is protected. Write for our special book on Contagious Blood Poison, which fully explains the different stages of the trouble, and outlines a complete home treatment for all sufferers of this trouble. No charge is made for this book, and if you wish special medical advice about case or any of its symptoms, our physicians will be glad to furnish that, too, without harge,

S. S. S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

E. E. HOPKINS
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Phone 33

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25c GYPSY 25c

COFFEE

is the BEST

TRY IT

For other groceries of the best qualities give us a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Pay for the best and get it.

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Special care given property of non-residents

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MERRITT & HULBURT REALTY CO.

Ranch and Timber Lands a Specialty

Port Angeles, Washington

W. A. LEWIS
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Satisfaction Guaranteed

Port Angeles, Washington

PARTIAL CRUISE PAID KING COUNTY $50,000

From page 1.

has got to pay that ten per cent interest; why not the people who are trying to make a living in the county and meanwhile improve their ranches and homes! The timber owners, with a few minor exceptions, are non-residents; if they see that their property is going to be valued too high, if their taxes are likely to become oppressive, they may sell their holdings and invest elsewhere—a calamity we cannot be too careful to avoid! JOHN SMITH.

January 14th.

Editor Leader:—I see the Tribune-Times takes exception to my facts and figures on timber assessments because of my name, which it insinuates is used to cover a personal attack. It is wrong as usual. I have no personal animosity towards any man, but am simply endeavoring to do my share towards the creation of a public sentiment so strong that no one will dare evade their duties as public officials in this county. If I had a "grudge" to square, there are records on file in the court house that would answer the purpose admirably well. But this is a public matter, of interest to every man in the county. Its a matter on which people think for themselves. The silly claim, made in the face of the fact King, Pierce, Lewis, Jefferson and other counties, some with and some without cruises, raised assessments on timber last year — the silly claim that Clallam could not do this because it was a real estate year is on a par with the other arguments advanced by timber owners and their friends. I would suggest it would be more profitable to elect people who CAN do things. Such articles require billingsgate and abuse to conceal the lies they contain, but they have their value — all agitation has its value as it makes people think and keeps the matter before them—and I welcome such abuse for that reason. John Smith.

A Democratic King.

With the death of King Oscar of Sweden there passed an interesting link between the present and that era of political upheavals in which Napoleon was so vital and so exciting as a factor. But for Napoleon's penchant for showering stars and epaulets and titles upon men of lowly birth the house of Bernadotte would have no place in the annals of European royalty. The founder of the house, Charles Bernadotte, whom Napoleon made marshal and would have unmade if he could, was born a peasant. At least that is the record on a tablet over the door of a one story house in Pau, France, which reads, "The peasant Charles Bernadotte, who subsequently rose to be field marshal of France and ultimately King Charles XIV. of Sweden and Norway, was born in this cottage in 1763." It is said that the late King Oscar often made pilgrimages to this spot and never attempted to conceal his humble origin.

The first royal Bernadotte was so good a soldier that even Napoleon was jealous of him as a military rival. At a time when Napoleon was himself ambitious of royal alliances and bent upon making his own crown hereditary Marshal Bernadotte was chosen by the Swedish diet crown prince and successor to the reigning monarch. He resisted Napoleon's attempts to involve Sweden in his own quarrels with England and finally joined the coalition of allies formed to overthrow the Corsican adventurer and helped to win the decisive battle of Leipsic in 1813, a reverse from which Napoleon never recovered. At St. Helena Napoleon expressed regret at not having ordered Bernadotte shot while he was yet in his service and his power.

Bernadotte was a wise and efficient ruler of the kingdom which he governed from 1818 to 1844. He was the only one of the marshals of Napoleon to found a dynasty, and at this date none of Napoleon's blood is on the throne. Bernadotte married Desiree Clary, sister to the wife of Napoleon's brother Joseph, and herself once betrothed to Napoleon. A contemporary, the Duchesse de Abrantes, described her as a mere cipher after she became queen of Sweden.

A son of this union, who ascended the throne of Sweden and Norway as Oscar I., married a granddaughter of Josephine Beauharnais, the wife whom Napoleon had divorced in 1810 in order to make a matrimonial alliance with royalty. To this pair Oscar II. was born while his grandfather, the first Bernadotte, was on the throne. He was a man of regal stature, standing six feet two inches, and was every inch a king in dignity. But he chose to be a useful rather than a showy monarch and would scarcely be known outside of his realm but for his devotion to learning. He was a master in economics and the science of government, a translator, historian, novelist and playwright. The people of Norway, who seceded from their union with Sweden two years ago, had no grievance against the king of the dual realm. They chafed under the domination of the more numerous and powerful Swedes, and it is said that the heart of King Oscar was broken by his failure to reconcile the irreconcilables.

Farmers and the Balance of Trade.

During the fiscal year 1907 the exports of farm products exceeded the imports by $444,000,000, a balance that has been exceeded only four times—in 1898, 1899, 1901 and 1902. Our foreign credit is sustained mainly by our farmers. For eighteen years, beginning with 1890, the farmers have not failed to secure a favorable balance, the lowest being that of 1895—$193,000,000—and the grand aggregate of the balances of trade in farm products for the eighteen years is $6,500,000,000. At the same time our foreign trade in nonagricultural products for the same period has shown an aggregate adverse balance of $456,000,000.

Thus a great stream of wealth has constantly been sent from farms to foreign countries to offset the adverse balance of trade in commodities other than agricultural, to pay the ocean freight costs on imports conveyed in foreign owned ships and to pay the interest, dividends and principal on investments in the United States by foreigners. It is the farmer who has sent credit to expatriated Americans. It is he who has provided the immigrant with millions to send every year to the loved ones in the old countries, and if there is still any credit to dispose of the farmer has provided the American traveler in foreign countries with his pocket money.

The Badge of Honesty

Is on every wrapper of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery because a full list of the ingredients composing it is printed there in plain English. Forty years of experience has proven its superior worth as a blood purifier and invigorating tonic for the cure of stomach disorders and all liver ills. It builds up the run-down system as no other tonic can in which alcohol is used. The active medicinal principles of native roots such as Golden Seal and Queen's root, Stone and Mandrake root, Bloodroot and Black Cherrybark are extracted and preserved by the use of chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce at Buffalo, N. Y., for *free* booklet which quotes extracts from well-recognized medical authorities such as Drs. Bartholow, King, Scudder, Coe, Ellingwood and a host of others, showing that these roots can be depended upon for their curative action in all weak states of the stomach, accompanied by indigestion or dyspepsia as well as in all bilious or liver complaints and in all "wasting diseases" where there is loss of flesh and gradual running down of the strength and system.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" makes rich, pure blood and so invigorates and regulates the stomach, liver and bowels, and, through them, the whole system. Thus all skin affections, blotches, pimples and eruptions as well as scrofulous swellings and old open running sores or ulcers are cured and healed. In treating old running sores, or ulcers, it is well to insure their healing to apply to them Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve. If your druggist don't happen to have this Salve in stock, send fifty-four cents in postage stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and a large box of the "All-Healing Salve" will reach you by return post.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic, medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

LODGE NOTICES

F. & A. M.—Port Angeles Lodge No. 69, F. & A. M., meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month. Visiting brothers always welcome.

R. D. WILLSON, W. M.
E. D. ELLIOTT, Sec'y.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall, cor. Oak and First streets. Visitors cordially invited.

H. M. FISHER, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall

P. J. WOLD, N. G.
WM. W. GARVIN, Secretary

Notice to Electors.

You are hereby notified that the Poll Books are open for registration for the year 1908.

This notice issued this 15th day of June, 1908.

C. W. Fields,
City Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

In the matter of the Estate of Charles Towns, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Thomas T. Aldwell, the Administrator with the Will annexed of the estate of Charles Towns, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased or said estate, to present and exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from and after the date of the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator at his office, Room 10, Aldwell Building, in Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in Clallam County, Washington.

THOMAS T. ALDWELL,
Administrator with the Will annexed.
Trumbull & Trumbull,
Attornerys for Administrator.

Date of first publication, Jan 3, 1907.

FOR SALE
BY OWNER

Having more property than I can profitably handle I will sell any of the following:

11 acres highly improved farm, 2½ miles east of Postoffice, $2000 house, 2 barns, big root house, 3 large chicken yards; City Telephone, imprhvements cost over $4,000. Take it for $2,000.

250 feet front on 8th and Albert, good soil, fine large orchard, $2,000. house, new $300. barn, sheds, wire fences, etc., a bargain at $3,000.

Lots 6 and 7, corner 7th and Laurel streets fine residence location, cottage 5 rooms and hall, large and substantial work house, fine orchard and grounds, $1,400.

50 foot lot on Second and Francis streets, cleared.

6 Lots in Whittington's Addition.

Lots 1 and 2, Block 333, 10th and Eunice.

30 Lots in McGill's Addition, $10 each, in a bunch.

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Attorney and Counselor at Law

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Choice Residence and Business Property.

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List Your Property

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A New Brand
— of —
Fine Coffee

Just Received.

Three grades—25, 35, and 40c. The cheapest high grade coffee on the market. Phone us for a trial order.

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Only Wholesale Liquor House. Mail Orders from County Goods Delivered Free in Prompt Attention.

Patrons Gi

A Joint Account

is a mutual protection for hus and wife. Better start saving he first—saving is a habit easil quired. After the first hundred ars is put away the rest comes ome and place your savings in are, and we will show you ho ake your money earn money. ve here absolute security for oney while it stays with us.

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We are Pr d to Pay
Cash for Ch Property
in Port eles.

The Lots, Tracts and A ons that we now offer for sale are carefully sel and low in price.

All Titles coming ugh us are absolutely ct.

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Peoria, Ill.

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Fred Pollow, P etor.

Orders for anything in the line of f nd salt meats and vegetables promptly filled with est to be had. Phone 17. Market next to Gray & I rson's.

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People desiring to do eir own Ironing can have thes Washed at 6c p

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